AGENDA

DES MOINES CITY COUNCIL STUDY SESSION City Council Chambers 21630 11th Avenue S, Des Moines, Washington Thursday, December 5, 2024 - 6:00 PM

City Council meeting can be viewed live on the City's website, Comcast Channel 21/321 or on the City's <u>YouTube</u> channel.

CALL TO ORDER

PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE

ROLL CALL

CORRESPONDENCE

COMMENTS FROM THE PUBLIC

Comments from the public must be limited to the items of business on the Study Session Agenda. Please sign in prior to the meeting and limit your comments to three (3) minutes.

DISCUSSION ITEMS

Item 1.	DISCUSSION OF 2025 CITY LEGISLATIVE PRIORITIES
	Discussion of 2025 City Legislative Priorities
	Des Moines Hemstad Legislative Agenda 2025
Item 2.	2024 3RD QUARTER FINANCIAL REPORT Staff Presentation by Finance Director Jeff Friend
	2024 3rd Quarter Financial Report
	2024 3rd Quarter Financial Report PowerPoint

Item 3. BUDGET WORKSHOP Staff Presentation by Finance Director Jeff Friend Budget Workshop 2025-2026 Biennial Budget PowerPoint

EXECUTIVE SESSION

NEXT MEETING DATE

December 12, 2024 City Council Regular Meeting

ADJOURNMENT

Discussion Item #1

AGENI	ΟΑ ΙΤΕΜ
	THE CITY COUNCIL s Moines, WA
 SUBJECT: Discussion of 2025 City Legislative Priorities ATTACHMENTS: City of Des Moines Draft Legislative Priorities StART Legislative Priorities 	FOR AGENDA OF: Dec 5, 2024 DEPT. OF ORIGIN: Administration DATE SUBMITTED: November 26, 2024 CLEARANCES: [] City Clerk

<u>Purpose and Recommendation</u> The purpose of this agenda item is for the City Council to discuss and adopt the 2025 City Council Legislative Priorities for the 2025 Legislative Session.

Suggested Motion

Motion: "I move to adopt of the 2025 City of Des Moines Legislative Priorities, substantially in the form as attached."

Background

The State Legislative Session convenes January 13, 2025 for a scheduled 105-day session.

This is the first year of a biennial budget for all three State budgets - Operating, Capital and Transportation.

This will be a very different Washington State government than existed at the sine die (closing) of the 2024 Legislative session. November's election brought in a new Governor, Attorney General, Public Lands Commissioner and Insurance Commissioner. There was considerable turnover in the Legislature with about 25% of seats having a new Legislator. Democrats added one seat to their majorities in both houses, giving them a supermajority (if all vote on party line), allowing bonds to be approved without Republican votes.

Political Representation and Outlook

Des Moines is split between the 33rd (Senator Karen Keiser, Reps. Tina Orwall & Mia Gregerson) and 30th (Senator Claire Wilson, Reps. Jamila Taylor and Kristine Reeves) Legislative Districts (LD). Neither Senator was up for re-election in 2024. All House members in the 30th & 33rd easily won re-election.

Nevertheless, the change mentioned above will also impact Des Moines' own representation. Most of Des Moines is in the 33rd Legislative District (LD). This has been a very stable, high-powered delegation for many years. At the end of the 2024 session, Senator Karen Keiser announced she'll retire this December. Senator Keiser will be stepping down halfway through her current term. Thus, an appointment process will take place in December/January to fill her position. Democratic Precinct Committee Officers (PCOs) in the 33rd will select three candidates for the King County Council to pick from. Senator Keiser officially steps down on December 10th and the 33rd LD PCOs will meet that day to select potential replacements.

Senator Keiser serves as Speaker Pro Tem and is one of the more influential members of the Legislature. She has been a great ally of Des Moines and will be missed.

There is a good chance that one of the current Representatives in the 33rd will be selected to replace Keiser. If so, the same appointment process will take place for their replacement.

Note, Des Moines's King County Councilor Dave Upthegrove was elected as State Public Lands Commissioner, so there will also soon be an appointment process for his KC Council seat.

With a new Legislature at the start of a new biennium, this is when most Committee changes take place, so even current Legislators could shift onto different Legislative Committees during organizational meetings in December.

Budget Outlook

The last several sessions have seen economic growth, and the influx of new funds from various new taxes (primarily Climate Commitment Act and capital gains) along with Federal covid response funding. Washington's ERFC budget group regularly announced that State tax revenues were outpacing their economic forecasts.

This session is likely to be quite different. Currently the State is looking at a budget shortfall between \$10 - \$12 billion combined in the Operating and Transportation budgets. This, despite the election results that retained both the Climate Commitment Act (CCA) funding and capital gains taxes.

This will be an unusually challenging environment for securing direct budget earmarks for Des Moines.

Session Outlook

Last Biennium 2023 & 2024 Sessions: In the last biennium Des Moines received considerable State funds. These included three different earmarks in the Capital Budget - \$1 million each for the Marina Steps and for the Redondo Fishing Pier and \$100,000 towards electrification upgrades at the marina. In the Transportation Budget we secured \$3.5 million in Transportation funds for the Barnes Creek Trail project. In policy, Des Moines was involved in getting new legislation passed to combat street racing, catalytic converter theft and to help with airport community noise mitigation.

We recommend continuing this policy of pursuing just one or two budget asks per year along with some targeted policy pushes.

Recommended Budget Requests

Due to the success in pursing funding in recent years, plus the recent bond issuance, Des Moines has several considerable capital projects proceeding right now. Due to limited staff resources for executing these various projects it may be prudent to focus on augmenting funding for those projects rather than new projects.

It makes it much easier for our Legislators if we limit our asks to very top priority issues that can ideally have a larger regional impact. These include:

Helping City Provide Needed Services: As Des Moines, like many cities, is facing a very tight budget, we could strongly advocate for more State help and/or local authority for funding City services. There are several local government revenue enhancements that are being discussed now that could be introduced in the 2025 session. DM could join coalitions to push for some of the below if Council wishes.

This could include:

Public Safety – Allowing councilmanic sales tax to support local public safety Public Safety – New State grant funding program for local public safety recruitment/retention General Fund – Lifting the 1% annual property tax increase limit Housing – Increasing REET % for local governments Transportation – Retail delivery fee on e-commerce

Redondo Fishing Pier: We have already received two State Capital Budget earmarks for the Redondo Fishing Pier and have been used towards initial phases of the upland portions of the project including the restroom component. Unfortunately, costs due to environmental constraints and construction inflation have raised the overall cost of the project. As the City's Public Works Department looks at ways to re-engineer the Fishing Pier reconstruction and looks for cost savings, this could likely be a priority ask for additional State funds. Request: \$2 million.

Policy Issues

Many different policy bills that could directly impact Des Moines will arise during the session. While we will work on those as needed, we recommend pursuing some policy issues proactively.

Public Safety: Public Safety remains a top concern for Des Moines residents. Continue to support bills that promote public safety.

3

Airport Issues: Continue working to minimize and mitigate SEA's health and environmental impact on Des Moines residents. Important airport-related legislation was passed in the last session. There could be follow-up legislation on Port Packages and other air/noise/environmental impacts. We could also try and augment the duties of the new Commercial Aviation Work Group (CAWG) that was set-up to replace the CAAC, but most of its duties and budget were vetoed by Governor Inslee.

Historic Preservation: Support prospects to enhance area historic preservation opportunities.

Passenger Ferry Support: Support passenger ferry prospects that can help get passenger-only ferry service to Des Moines, most likely via King County Metro. Anthony and Peter will be meeting with King County Metro in the coming days and are discussing with Rep. Nance his idea of a new "Mosquito Fleet Reauthorization Act of 2025" to ensure that Des Moines's interests are included.

Attachment #1



2025 City of Des Moines City Council State Legislative Priorities

Funding Requests

Redondo Fishing Pier. The Redondo Fishing Pier is a regional attraction that was very popular when it was open. It needs to be replaced this biennium and can be if funding is available. **Capital Budget request: \$2 million.**

Enhancing Local Government Financial Resources. Support lifting the 1% property tax cap and allowing further local government financing tools to address the crisis many local governments have with general government funding.

Public Safety

Collaborate with WASPC, AWC and other groups in efforts to improve public safety. This includes:

- Updating the existing local option Public Safety Sales Tax to allow implementation by councilmanic authority and greater flexibility for using the funds to cover increased officer wages and related programs like behavioral health co-response teams.
- Supporting Governor Ferguson's initiative to get more funding to public safety - and ensure that some of those funds flow to local governments.

Airport Issues

Support locating an air quality monitor in Des Moines, including needed budget allocation.

Support the joint StART Airport Community Legislative Agenda promoting 1. noise insulation repair and replacement, 2. progress on an alternative to SeaTac airport, 3. enhancing air quality for airport communities, 4. promoting SAF and 5. decarbonizing SeaTac ground transportation.

Historic Preservation

Support historic preservation funding opportunities in Des Moines.

Ferry Development

Electric passenger-only ferries have the potential to improve connectivity and mobility around Puget Sound. Foil ferries are much quieter, faster and reduce impacts to marine life in Puget Sound. *Des Moines supports efforts to spur the return of Mosquito Fleet passenger-only ferries that will include routes connecting Des Moines.*

For information, please contact City of Des Moines Legislative Advocate Anthony Hemstad, 253.335.9163, anthony@hemstad.us

Attachment #2

SEA Stakeholder Advisory Round Table Shared Policy Priorities - 2025 State Legislative Session

The growth of operations at Seattle-Tacoma International Airport (SEA) has provided significant benefit to the region, however near-airport communities also face elevated levels of aircraft noise and emissions from transportation. Meanwhile, the airport will reach its capacity within the coming decades, meaning that the region must identify additional capacity to move people and goods, or else risk increased congestion and a chokepoint on economic growth. To help address these issues, the Port of Seattle and near-airport communities suggest passage and implementation of the following state-level policy and budget items. We hope to partner with the State Legislature and State Government to create these new tools, resources, and approaches that can make a tangible difference in our communities.

1) Effectively implement the Noise Insulation Repair and Replacement Program

- As necessary, pass legislation amending RCW 53.54 and the Port District Equity Fund / Grant, to ensure that State regulations and programming are complementary to Federal and Port programs and funding.
- Ensure that existing State resources are utilized for maximum return on investment.
- As appropriate, advocate for additional resources from the State to ensure continual progress with the goal of addressing the full scope of issues identified by ongoing surveys and assessments.
- 2) Make tangible progress toward identifying additional regional airport capacity in the next three years
 - Either administratively or via legislation, assign near-term deadlines for the Commercial Aviation Working Group (CAWG) to identify and achieve clear, substantive, recommendations for action.
 - Secure adequate resources for the CAWG to achieve the abovementioned work within the identified timeline; for 2025, this should be at least \$XXXX.
 - As part of its work, direct the CAWG to explore opportunities to provide incentives to sites of future commercial air service development.
- 3) Sustain existing State programs to enhance air quality
 - As appropriate, request additional resources for existing air quality mitigation programs at the Dept. of Ecology for residences, recreational facilities, and education facilities not covered by other programs.
 - Support continued investment in OSPI programs to improve air quality in schools.
 - Work with OSPI, Ecology, and any other relevant State agencies to ensure that residences, schools, and other public buildings within near-airport communities have adequate access to existing programs.
- 4) Maintain and expand Sustainable Aviation Fuel (SAF) production and use in Washington
 - Ensure effective implementation of enacted SAF incentives (ESSB 5447)
 - In partnership with the broader coalition of SAF stakeholders; advocate for the creation of more policy supports and funding programs benefitting SAF production and supply chain development.
 - Support the continued work of the SAF Research and Development Center at Paine Field, including pushing for additional monetary support from the State.
- 5) Decarbonizing ground transportation, reducing transportation emissions, and electrification
 - Support proven strategies, policies, and investments intended to phase out the use of fossil fuels and to reduce overall emissions from ground transportation networks that serve the airport. This includes, but is not limited to:
 - Investments in EV charging infrastructure;
 - Clean trucking incentives;
 - Continued investments in multi-modal networks, active transportation facilities, and transit;
 - Active engagement in state and federal efforts to create a regional high-speed rail network;
 - Identification of, or a legislative directive to create, a body at the State level tasked with coordinating public and private sector investments in electric aviation and other zero-emission technologies;
 - General support for funding and legislative action that will help facilitate Washington as a leader in transportation innovation.

2025 DES MOINES LEGISLATIVE PRIORITES

5 DECEMBER 2024, DES MOINES CITY COUNCIL – ANTHONY HEMSTAD

PUBLIC SAFETY

Public Safety

Collaborate with AWC, WASPC and other groups in efforts to secure more public safety (including behavioral health) funding for local governments, including:

- Amending existing local option Public Safety Sales Tax to allow councilmanic implementation and greater flexibility for using the funds.
- Supporting Governor Ferguson's initiative to get more funding to public safety – and ensure that those funds are shared with local governments.

FUNDING & BUDGET REQUESTS

Funding Requests

- Enhancing Local Government Financial Resources. Support lifting the 1% property tax cap and allowing further local government financing tools to address the crisis many local governments have with general government funding.
- Redondo Fishing Pier. The Redondo Fishing Pier is a regional attraction that was very popular when it was open. It needs to be replaced this biennium and can be if funding is available. Capital Budget request: \$2 million.

AIRPORT ISSUES

Airport Issues

- Support locating a permanent air quality monitor in Des Moines, including needed budget allocation.
- Support State funding for a City-led, independent airport community impacts study to evaluate the ongoing impacts of the SAMP.
- Support further enhancements to SB5955 and RCW53 to provide more opportunities for sound insulation repair and replacement, and to also allow unconstrained funding for mitigation of the public health impacts of airport operations.
- Support the joint StART Airport Community Legislative Agenda.

PRESERVATION & FERRIES

Historic Preservation

 Support historic preservation funding opportunities in Des Moines.

Ferry Development

 Electric passenger-only ferries have the potential to improve connectivity and mobility around Puget Sound.
 Foil ferries are much quieter, faster and reduce impacts to marine life in Puget Sound. *Des Moines supports new grant funding to spur the return of Mosquito Fleet passenger-only ferries that will include routes connecting Des Moines.*

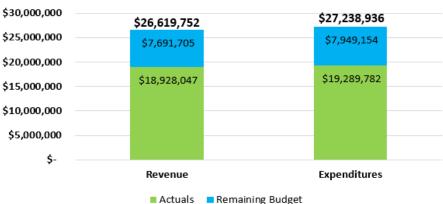
Discussion Item #2

2024 3RD QUARTER FINANCIAL REPORT

This report provides an overview of the City's overall financial position for the quarter ending September 30, 2024.

GENERAL FUND

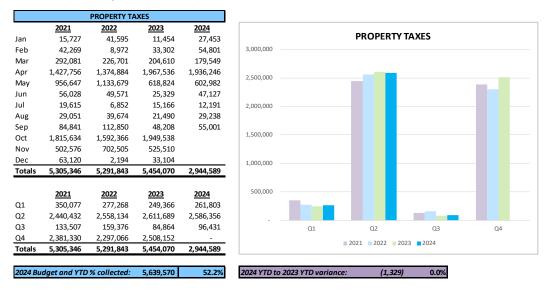
Through the third quarter of 2024, the General Fund received \$18,928,047 of revenue, which represents 71.1% of budgeted revenue for the year. The general fund also incurred \$19,289,782 of expenditures representing 70.8% of the annual 2024 expenditure budget. Net loss for the period was \$361,735.



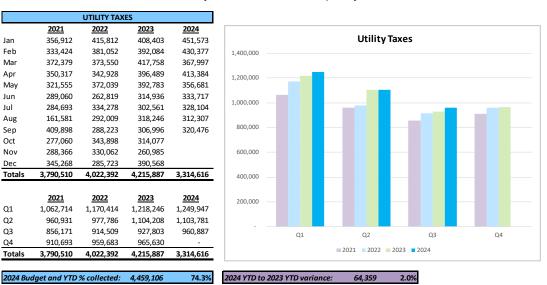
General Fund Revenue and Expenditures Budget and Actuals

<u>Revenue</u>

Property Tax collected through the third quarter was \$2,944,589, which was a \$1,329 (0.05%) decrease from the same period in the prior year. Property tax levies by the City are based on the assessed value of the City which has steadily increased over the past few years. Property taxes are primarily collected in April and October.



Utility Taxes collected through the third quarter of 2024 were \$3,314,616, which is a \$64,359 (2.0%) increase from the same period in the prior year. The City collects utility tax on the usage of electricity, natural gas, solid waste disposal, cable TV, telephone, and surface water. The City continues to see an increase in utility tax collections over past years.

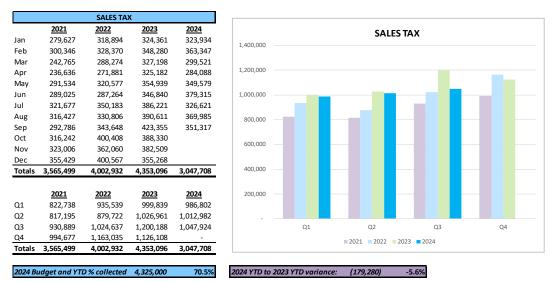


					Change f	rom 2023
Utility Tax Type	20	23 Q3 Total	202	24 Q3 Total	Amount	Percent
Electricity	\$	1,144,103	\$	1,227,502	\$ 83,400	7.3%
Natural Gas		439,322		368,550	(70,772)	-16.1%
Solid Waste		411,777		526,087	114,310	27.8%
Cable TV		628,301		561,852	(66,449)	-10.6%
Telephone		175,836		158,677	(17,159)	-9.8%
SWM*		450,919		471,947	21,028	4.7%
YE Total	\$	3,250,257	\$	3,314,616	\$ 64,359	2.0%

The table below demonstrates actual revenues compared to prior year collections by the different utility categories:

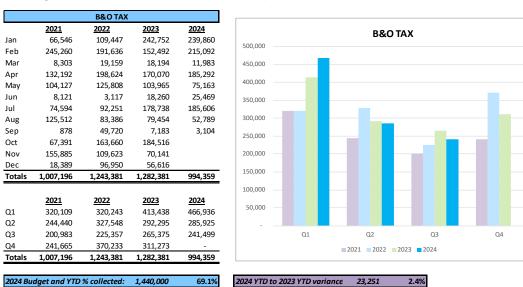
*Surface Water Management (SWM) billings include a 15% utility tax. The 15% tax is collected by the Surface Water Management Fund then paid to the General Fund and the Street Fund. The General Fund receives 87% of the SWM utility tax with the Street Fund receiving 13%.

Sales and Use Tax collection decreased \$179,280 (5.6%) over the same period in the prior year. Through the third quarter, the City collected \$3,047,708 in sales tax, which represented 70.5% of budgeted expectations. A flattening or slight reduction in sales tax revenue has been a trend in 2024 for many cities. The chart below <u>includes **both** regular and one-time</u> Sales and Use Tax.



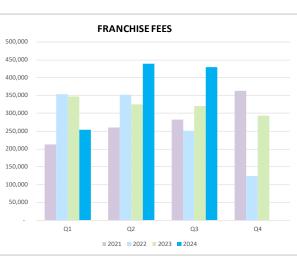
Please see Attachment #1 for a breakdown of sales tax by revenue category.

The City received \$994,359 in **Business and Occupation Tax** through the third quarter of 2024. This amount was a \$23,251 (2.4%) increase over the prior year. This amount includes both regular and one-time Business and Occupation Tax.



Franchise Fees help the City recoup the cost of allowing a utility to use its public space. Through the third quarter of 2024, the City collected \$1,122,315 in franchise fees, which was \$129,300 (13.0%) increase than the same period in the prior year.

		FRANCHISE FE	ES	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	2023	<u>2024</u>
Jan	119,037	245,777	173,449	88,987
Feb	86,631	70,914	123,221	165,479
Mar	7,587	37,062	50,955	-
Apr	115,318	256,013	181,577	270,581
May	55,721	96,150	-	101,142
Jun	89,430	-	143,224	67,154
Jul	168,994	159,775	178,140	209,316
Aug	72,647	59,357	84,701	88,681
Sep	41,418	32,238	57,748	130,975
Oct	177,795	179,959	192,773	
Nov	57,945	75,358	100,000	
Dec	126,740	(131,661)	-	
Fotals	1,119,264	1,080,943	1,285,788	1,122,315
	2021	2022	2023	2024
Q1	213,255	353,753	347,625	254,466
Q2	260,469	352,163	324,801	438,878
Q3	283,060	251,371	320,589	428,971
Q4	362,480	123,656	292,773	-
Totals	1,119,264	1,080,943	1,285,788	1,122,315

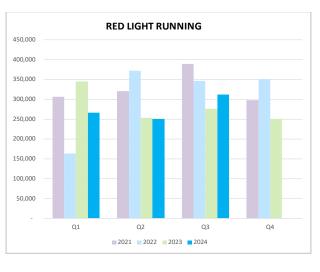


2024 Budget and YTD % collected: 1,450,000 77.4%

2024 YTD to 2023 YTD variance: 129,300 13.0%

Red Light Running Infractions is revenue received from fines generated by the red light camera ticketing system installed at select intersections in the City. Through the third quarter of 2024, the City collected \$828,188 in red light running fee revenue, which was \$46,488 (5.3%) less than the same period in the prior year.

RED LIGHT RUNNING										
	<u>2021</u>	2022	2023	2024						
Jan	111,284	85,665	150,079	98,243						
Feb	85,275	77,910	99,253	79,761						
Mar	109,113	-	95,658	87,930						
Apr	101,518	173,061	73,351	86,674						
May	97,293	96,361	84,756	75,221						
Jun	121,298	102,210	95,734	88,300						
Jul	81,076	96,754	90,018	94,467						
Aug	154,085	142,340	103,026	107,214						
Sep	154,312	107,359	82,801	110,377						
Oct	121,645	101,010	90,115							
Nov	99,958	97,034	74,921							
Dec	76,358	152,214	85,015							
Totals	1,313,215	1,231,918	1,124,727	828,188						
	2021	2022	2023	2024						
Q1	305,673	163,575	344,990	265,934						
Q2	320,109	371,632	253,841	250,195						
Q3	389,473	346,453	275,845	312,059						
Q4	297,961	350,259	250,051	-						
Totals	1,313,215	1,231,918	1,124,727	828,188						
2024 Bud	lget and YTD %	6 collected:	1,200,000	69.0%						



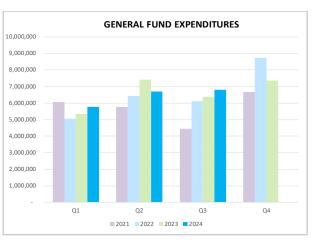
-5.3%

Expenditures

General Fund expenditures were \$19,289,772, which was \$164,911 (0.86%) more than the same period in the prior year.

2024 YTD to 2023 YTD variance: (46,488)

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES										
	2021	2022	2023	2024						
Jan	2,144,873	1,793,863	1,056,241	1,386,166						
Feb	1,521,148	1,568,282	1,916,153	2,259,451						
Mar	2,389,548	1,686,766	2,363,620	2,129,517						
Apr	1,617,624	2,553,651	2,659,612	2,183,092						
May	1,921,701	1,913,915	1,539,854	2,425,572						
Jun	2,225,871	1,955,199	3,215,978	2,095,374						
Jul	559,043	1,771,471	2,077,948	2,381,588						
Aug	1,699,309	1,893,030	2,018,241	2,289,181						
Sep	2,186,707	2,455,471	2,277,215	2,139,832						
Oct	1,865,683	1,378,264	2,156,507							
Nov	1,560,582	2,179,340	1,957,621							
Dec	3,246,002	5,172,142	3,245,339							
Totals	22,938,090	26,321,394	26,484,327	19,289,772						
	<u>2021</u>	2022	2023	2024						
Q1	6,055,568	5,048,911	5,336,014	5,775,134						
Q2	5,765,197	6,422,765	7,415,443	6,704,038						
Q3	4,445,058	6,119,972	6,373,404	6,810,600						
Q4	6,672,266	8,729,745	7,359,467	-						
Totals	22,938,090	26,321,394	26,484,327	19,289,772						



2024 Budget and YTD % expended: 27,238,936 70.8%

2024 YTD to 2023 YTD variance: 164,911 0.86%

General Fund									
Summary of Uses	2023	2024	203	24	2024 vs. YTD) Budget	2024 vs. 2023 Actuals		
Year to Date through September	YTD Actual	Annual Budget	YTD Budget	YTD Actual	\$	%	\$	%	
Personnel	\$ 12,169,034	\$ 18,527,028	\$ 13,101,791	\$ 12,798,103	\$ (303,688)	-2.3%	\$ 629,069	5.2%	
Supplies	645,354	672,264	504,198	590,097	85,899	17.0%	(55,256)	-8.6%	
Services	4,643,922	6,184,666	4,638,500	4,557,560	(80,940)	-1.7%	(86,362)	-1.9%	
Internal Services	1,270,719	1,577,378	1,183,033	1,119,188	(63,845)	-5.4%	(151,531)	-11.9%	
Capital	169,432	-	-	54,883	54,883	0.0%	(114,549)	-67.6%	
Transfers Out	226,400	277,600	208,200	169,950	(38,250)	-18.4%	(56,450)	0.0%	
Total Expenditures	\$ 19,124,861	\$ 27,238,936	\$ 19,635,722	\$19,289,782	\$ (345,940)	-1.8%	\$ 164,921	0.9%	

<u>Personnel</u>: Personnel costs represent expenditure of funds for salary and benefits expenses. Through the third quarter, personnel costs were \$629,069 (5.2%) higher than at the same point in the prior period. The increase is primarily due to cost-of-living adjustments for 2024 and the retirements of several long-term employees.

<u>Internal Services</u>: Internal services represents funds paid by General Fund departments to Internal Service Funds such as Computer Replacement (Fund 511), Facility Repair and Replacement (Fund 506), Equipment Rental Maintenance (Fund 500), Equipment Rental Replacement (Fund 501), and Self-Insurance (Fund 520).

<u>Capital</u>: Capital expenses incurred include the court remodel (\$15.5K) and Beach Park lighting (\$39K).

<u>Transfers Out</u>: The transfer out of the General Fund is for the 2018 LTGO bonds debt service payment which is made out of the Debt Service Fund.

General Fund Details

			2024		2024 YTD Budget vs Actual			2024		
Ame	ended Budget	Y	TD Budget		YTD Actual		Amount	Percentage	Rema	ining Budget
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										1,144,490 1,197,111
										80,181
										387,847
										57,795
										327,685
										416,011
							,			17,637
										68,516
Ś		Ś		Ś		Ś			Ś	6,392,253
Ţ	10,000,070	Ŧ	12,550,025	Ť	12, 190, 120	Ť	(137)100)	.,,,	Ŷ	0,002,200
	300,000		225,000		196,675		(28,325)	-13%		103,325
	15,000		11,250		8,946		(2,304)	-20%		6,054
	1,043,304		782,478		807,027		24,549	3%		236,277
	212,944		159,708		200,669		40,961	26%		12,275
	103,300		77,475		80,115		2,640	3%		23,185
	83,300		62,475		73,059		10,584	17%		10,241
	438,900		329,175		322,797		(6,378)	-2%		116,103
	1,200,000		900,000		828,188		(71,812)	-8%		371,812
	352,150		264,113		68,726		(195,387)	-74%		283,424
I \$	3,748,898	\$	2,811,674	\$	2,586,202	\$	(225,471)	-8%	\$	1,162,696
	106,000		79,500		66,230		(13,270)	-17%		39,770
	511,570		383,678		283,297		(100,380)	-26%		228,273
	24,000		18,000		10,433		(7,567)	-42%		13,567
	30,700		23,025		176,667		153,642	667%		(145,967)
	1,459,291		1,094,468		1,229,485		135,017	12%		229,806
	1,850,617		1,387,963		1,824,010		436,047	31%		26,607
	0		-		255,299		255,299	0%		(255,299)
1\$	3,982,178	\$	2,986,634	\$	3,845,422	\$	858,788	29%	\$	392,055
Ś	26.619.752	Ś	18.792.136	Ś	18.928.047	Ś	135.912	1%	Ś	7,947,004
		·	.,.,.		.,,					, , , , , ,
\$	103,781	\$	74,502	\$	104,452		29,949	40%		(670)
	1,255,148		878,929		1,252,977		374,048	43%		2,171
	854,703		618,097		692,943		74,846	12%		161,760
	407,370		293,854		202,978		(90,876)	-31%		204,393
	1,334,670		956,001		903,418		(52,583)	-6%		431,252
	1,618,534		1,186,798		1,244,504		57,706	5%		374,030
	889,357		633,810		434,165		(199,644)			455,191
	1,735,021		1,238,980		1,166,266		(72,714)	-6%		568,755
	1,061,350		796,013		918,458		122,446	15%		142,892
			0 700 00 4		8,868,369		142,345	2%		3,264,840
	12,133,208		8,726,024							
	12,133,208 427,509		303,980		339,277		35,297	12%		88,232
	12,133,208		303,980 1,491,560				35,297 (179,465)	12% -12%		88,232 762,011
	12,133,208 427,509		303,980		339,277			-12%		
	12,133,208 427,509 2,074,107		303,980 1,491,560 2,228,976		339,277 1,312,096		(179,465)	-12%		762,011
	12,133,208 427,509 2,074,107		303,980 1,491,560		339,277 1,312,096		(179,465)	-12%		762,011 1,386,647
	12,133,208 427,509 2,074,107 3,066,577		303,980 1,491,560 2,228,976		339,277 1,312,096 1,679,930		(179,465)	-12% -25% 0%		762,011
	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	\$ 5,639,570 4,459,106 4,150,000 1,350,000 90,000 1,450,000 1,300,000 35,000 240,000 1,300,000 15,000 1,043,304 212,944 103,300 352,150 1 \$ 3,748,898 106,000 511,570 24,000 352,150 1 \$ 3,748,898 106,000 511,570 24,000 30,700 1,459,291 1,850,617 0 \$ 3,982,178 \$ 103,781 1,255,148 854,703 407,370 1,334,670 1,618,534 889,357	\$ 5,639,570 \$ 4,459,106 4,150,000 1,75,000 1,350,000 1,350,000 1,300,000 35,000 240,000 1,300,000 35,000 240,000 1,300,000 15,000 1,043,304 212,944 103,300 83,300 438,900 1,200,000 352,150 240,000 352,150 1,212,944 103,300 83,300 438,900 1,200,000 352,150 1,200,000 352,150 1,200,000 352,150 1,200,000 352,150 1,200,000 30,700 1,459,291 1,850,617 0 \$ 3,982,178 \$ \$ 103,781 \$ 1,255,148 854,703 407,370 1,334,670 1,618,534 889,357	Amended Budget YTD Budget \$ 5,639,570 \$ 3,056,999 4,459,106 3,344,330 4,150,000 3,112,500 175,000 131,250 1,350,000 1,012,500 90,000 67,500 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,300,000 975,000 35,000 26,250 240,000 18,000 \$ 18,888,676 \$ 12,993,829 300,000 225,000 15,000 11,250 10,043,304 782,478 212,944 159,708 103,300 77,475 83,300 62,475 1,200,000 900,000 352,150 264,113 \$ 3,748,898 \$ 2,811,674 106,000 79,500 511,570 383,678 24,000 18,000 30,700 23,025 1,459,291 1,094,468 1,850,617 1,387,96	Amended Budget YTD Budget \$ 5,639,570 \$ 3,056,999 \$ \$ 4,459,106 3,344,330 4,150,000 3,112,500 175,000 131,250 1,350,000 1,012,500 1,350,000 1,012,500 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,300,000 975,000 24,0,000 180,000 \$ 18,888,676 \$ 12,993,829 300,000 225,000 15,000 11,250 1,043,304 782,478 212,944 159,708 103,300 77,475 83,300 62,475 438,900 329,175 1,200,000 900,000 352,150 264,113 1 \$ 3,748,898 \$ 2,811,674 1,459,291 1,094,468 1,850,617 1,387,963 0 - 3,982,178 \$ 2,986,634 1,850,617 1,387,963 0 -	Amended Budget YTD Budget YTD Actual \$ 5,639,570 \$ 3,056,999 \$ 2,944,589 4,459,106 3,344,330 3,314,616 4,150,000 3,112,500 2,952,889 1,75,000 1,012,500 962,153 90,000 67,500 32,205 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,122,315 1,300,000 975,000 883,989 35,000 262,500 17,484 \$ 18,888,676 \$ 12,993,829 \$ 12,496,423 300,000 225,000 196,675 1,043,304 782,478 807,027 212,944 159,708 200,669 1,043,304 782,478 807,027 212,944 159,708 200,669 1,043,304 782,478 807,027 212,944 159,708 200,669 1,043,304 782,478 807,027 1,200,000 900,000 828,188 352,150 264,113 68,726 1 \$ 3,748,898 \$ 2,811,674 <td< td=""><td>Amended Budget YTD Budget YTD Actual \$ 5,639,570 \$ 3,056,999 \$ 2,944,589 \$ \$ 4,459,106 3,344,330 3,314,616 4,150,000 3,112,500 2,952,889 1,75,000 131,250 94,819 1,350,000 1,012,500 94,819 1,350,000 1,012,500 962,153 90,000 67,500 32,205 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,122,315 1,300,000 975,000 883,989 35,000 26,250 17,363 2440,000 180,000 171,484 \$ 18,888,676 \$ 12,993,829 \$ 12,496,423 \$ 300,000 225,000 196,675 15,000 11,250 8,946 1,043,304 778,2478 807,027 \$ 1212,944 159,708 200,669 103,300 62,475 73,059 438,900 322,175 322,797 1,200,000 900,000 828,188 352,150 264,113 68,726</td><td>Amended Budget YTD Budget YTD Actual Amount \$ 5,639,570 \$ 3,056,999 \$ 2,944,589 \$ (112,410) 4,459,106 3,344,330 3,314,616 (29,714) 4,150,000 3,112,500 2,952,889 (159,611) 1,75,000 1,012,500 962,153 (50,347) 90,000 67,500 32,205 (35,295) 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,122,315 34,815 1,300,000 975,000 883,989 (91,011) 35,000 26,250 17,363 (8,887) 240,000 180,000 171,484 (8,516) 300,000 225,000 196,675 (28,325) 1,043,304 782,478 807,027 24,549 212,944 159,708 200,669 40,961 103,300 77,475 80,115 2,640 38,300 62,475 73,059 10,584 438,900 329,175 322,797 (6,378) 1,06,000</td><td>Amended Budget YTD Budget YTD Actual Amount Percentage \$ 5,639,570 \$ 3,056,999 \$ 2,944,589 \$ (112,410) -4% 4,459,106 3,344,330 3,314,616 (29,714) -1% 4,150,000 131,250 9,829 (159,611) -5% 17,5000 131,250 94,819 (36,431) -28% 90,000 67,500 32,205 (35,295) -52% 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,22,315 34,815 3% 1,300,000 975,000 883,989 (91,011) -9% 35,000 26,250 17,363 (8,887) -34% 240,000 180,000 171,484 (8,516) -5% 15,000 11,250 8,946 (2,304) -20% 10,43,304 782,478 807,027 24,549 3% 10,3300 77,475 80,115 2,640 3% 13,300 62,475 73,059 10,584 <td< td=""><td>Amended Budget YTD Budget YTD Actual Amount Percentage Remain of the second second</td></td<></td></td<>	Amended Budget YTD Budget YTD Actual \$ 5,639,570 \$ 3,056,999 \$ 2,944,589 \$ \$ 4,459,106 3,344,330 3,314,616 4,150,000 3,112,500 2,952,889 1,75,000 131,250 94,819 1,350,000 1,012,500 94,819 1,350,000 1,012,500 962,153 90,000 67,500 32,205 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,122,315 1,300,000 975,000 883,989 35,000 26,250 17,363 2440,000 180,000 171,484 \$ 18,888,676 \$ 12,993,829 \$ 12,496,423 \$ 300,000 225,000 196,675 15,000 11,250 8,946 1,043,304 778,2478 807,027 \$ 1212,944 159,708 200,669 103,300 62,475 73,059 438,900 322,175 322,797 1,200,000 900,000 828,188 352,150 264,113 68,726	Amended Budget YTD Budget YTD Actual Amount \$ 5,639,570 \$ 3,056,999 \$ 2,944,589 \$ (112,410) 4,459,106 3,344,330 3,314,616 (29,714) 4,150,000 3,112,500 2,952,889 (159,611) 1,75,000 1,012,500 962,153 (50,347) 90,000 67,500 32,205 (35,295) 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,122,315 34,815 1,300,000 975,000 883,989 (91,011) 35,000 26,250 17,363 (8,887) 240,000 180,000 171,484 (8,516) 300,000 225,000 196,675 (28,325) 1,043,304 782,478 807,027 24,549 212,944 159,708 200,669 40,961 103,300 77,475 80,115 2,640 38,300 62,475 73,059 10,584 438,900 329,175 322,797 (6,378) 1,06,000	Amended Budget YTD Budget YTD Actual Amount Percentage \$ 5,639,570 \$ 3,056,999 \$ 2,944,589 \$ (112,410) -4% 4,459,106 3,344,330 3,314,616 (29,714) -1% 4,150,000 131,250 9,829 (159,611) -5% 17,5000 131,250 94,819 (36,431) -28% 90,000 67,500 32,205 (35,295) -52% 1,450,000 1,087,500 1,22,315 34,815 3% 1,300,000 975,000 883,989 (91,011) -9% 35,000 26,250 17,363 (8,887) -34% 240,000 180,000 171,484 (8,516) -5% 15,000 11,250 8,946 (2,304) -20% 10,43,304 782,478 807,027 24,549 3% 10,3300 77,475 80,115 2,640 3% 13,300 62,475 73,059 10,584 <td< td=""><td>Amended Budget YTD Budget YTD Actual Amount Percentage Remain of the second second</td></td<>	Amended Budget YTD Budget YTD Actual Amount Percentage Remain of the second

**September is month 9 of 12 = 75%

OTHER FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Development Fund Details

Created in 2017, the purpose of the Development Fund is to account for revenue generated by fee-based development-related activities, including permitting, plan review, etc. and the associated cost of providing services. Divisions included in this fund include Planning and Development Services, Building, Joint and Minor Home Repair, Code Enforcement, Engineering Services, and City Project Management.

							2024 YTD E	-			
				2024				Act	Jal		2024
Development Fund											
Summary of Sources and Uses	Adop	ted Budget	Y	TD Budget		YTD Actual		Amount	Percentage	Rem	naining Budget
Operating Revenues											
Planning and Building	~	500.000	÷	275 000	~	400.262	~	442.262	20%	~	44 700
Building Permits	\$,	\$	375,000	Ş	488,262	Ş	113,262	30%	Ş	11,738
Other Licenses and Permits		462,270		346,703		240,850		(105,853)	-31%		221,420
Intergovernmental (Grants, etc.)		110,000		82,500		159,275		76,775	93%		(49,275)
Charges for Services:		226.169		252 126		416 406		104 200	CEN/		(00.220)
Zoning Fees		336,168		252,126		416,406		164,280	65%		(80,238)
Plan Check Fees		585,000		438,750		362,954		(75,796)			222,046 100,000
SEPA-Related Mitigation Fees Other Fees		100,000 6,800		75,000 5,100		4,609		(75,000)	-100%		2,191
Credt Card Fees		,		,				(491)	-10%		
		40,000		30,000		35,598		5,598			4,402
Penalties - Stop Work Planning and Building Revenue Subtotal	~	3,000	~	2,250	~	9,511	\$	7,261	323% 7%	~	(6,511)
Planning and Building Revenue Subtotal	Ş	2,143,238	Ş	1,607,429	\$	1,717,466	Ş	110,038	170	Ş	425,772
Engineering											
Right-Of-Way Permits	\$	125,000	Ś	93,750	Ś	143,118	Ś	49,368	53%	Ś	(18,118)
Engineering Fees	Ŷ	240,224	Ŷ	180,168	Ŷ	147,855	Ŷ	(32,313)		Ŷ	92,369
Interfund Charges/ Engineering CIP Support		250,000		187,500		1,387.59		(186,112)			248,612
Engineering Revenue Subtotal	Ś	615,224	Ś	461,418	\$	292,361	\$	(169,057)		Ś	322,863
	Ŷ	013,224	Ŷ	401,410	Ŷ	252,501	Ŷ	(105,057)	5770	Ŷ	522,005
Transfers in		-		-	\$	129,563	\$	129,563	0%	\$	(129,563)
Miscellaneous		-		-		(1,150.00)		(1,150.00)	0%		1,150.00
Interest Income		20,000		15,000		72,361		57,361	382%		(52,361)
Total Operating Revenues	\$	2,778,462	\$	2,083,847	\$	2,210,601	\$	126,754	6%	\$	567,861
Operating Expenditures											
Planning and Building											
Salaries and Benefits	\$	1,483,850	Ş	1,051,060	\$	1,131,865	\$	80,804	8%	\$	351,985
Supplies		32,380		24,285		14,011		(10,274)			18,369
Services		761,741		571,306		471,624		(99,682)	-17%		290,117
Planning and Building Expenditures Subtotal	Ş	2,277,971	Ş	1,646,651	Ş	1,617,500	Ş	(29,152)	-2%	Ş	660,471
Fraincasina											
Engineering	~	4 070 044	ć	757.046	ć	F 40 027	ć	(247.000)	200/	~	520.404
Salaries and Benefits	\$	1,070,041	Ş	757,946	Ş	,	\$	(217,009)		Ş	529,104
Supplies		10,000		7,500		6,041		(1,459)			3,959
Services	÷	224,812	ć	168,609	ć	161,105	ć	(7,504)		ć	63,707
Engineering Expenditures Subtotal	Ş	1,304,853	\$	934,055	\$	708,083	\$	(225,972)	-24%	Ş	596,770
Total Operating Expenditures	\$	3,582,824	Ś	2,580,706	\$	2,325,583	\$	(255,123)	-10%	Ś	1,257,241
Total Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(804,362)	\$	(496,859)	<u> </u>	(114,982)	\$	381,877	10/0	+	
**September is month 9 of 12 = 75%	¥	(304,302)	Ŷ	(+50,055)	Ŷ	(114,502)	4	301,077			

American Rescue Plan Act

In 2021, the City was awarded \$9,029,879 from the federal government through the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). The intent of the grant is to replace revenue the City lost due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. ARPA funds must be fully obligated by December 31, 2024 and fully expended by December 31, 2026. Below is the list, as of September 30, 2024 of projects approved by the City Council to be funded by ARPA:

Completed Projects	Allocated	Expended	Remaining
Parks Program Support	1,000,000	1,000,000	-
Municipal Court	550,000	550,000	-
Small Business Grants	495,000	495,000	-
Police Vehicles	255,486	255,486	-
Tenant Eviction Resources	250,000	250,000	-
Metro Transit	250,000	250,000	-
Workforce training scholarships	125,000	125,000	-
Body Cams and Program Consultant	91,925	91,925	-
ARPA Administration Support	90,557	90,557	-
EATS Program	80,471	80,471	-
SR3	75,000	75,000	-
Human Services Committee Enhancement	75,000	75,000	-
Utility Voucher Fund	70,050	70,050	-
Redondo Space Lease	63,000	63,000	-
Food Trucks - Limited Term	50,000	50,000	-
Arts Commission	50,000	50,000	-
Passenger Ferry	45,631	45,631	-
ADA Compliance Program	11,064	11,064	-
Additional Traffic Calming	19,727	19,727	-
Police/Police Support Overtime	200,000	200,000	-
People Movers	42,237	42,237	-
Evidence Van	37,733	37,733	-
Finance Budgeting Software	35,000	35,000	-
SCORE	515,656	515,656	-
Human Resources Recruitment	14,400	14,400	-
Emergency Management Comp Plan	8,000	8,000	-
Subtotal	4,500,937	4,500,937	-
Continuing Projects	Allocated	Expended	Remaining
Marina Infastructure	1,865,000	556,600	1,308,400
2024 General Fund Support	1,260,389	1,065,153	195,236
Police Officers	830,000	743,003	86,997
Non-Profit Hiring Assistance (Mental Health Support)/Crime Analyst	393,957	335,341	58,616
Nonprofit Foundation	74,596	71,000	3,596
Field House Play Equipment	105,000	50,000	55,000
Subtotal	4,528,942	2,821,096	1,707,846
Total ARPA funds	9,029,879	7,322,033	1,707,846

Summary of Other Special Revenue Funds

		Revenue		I	Expenditures	
			% Actual			% Actual
Fund	Budget	Actual	to Budget	Budget	Actual	to Budget
Special Revenue Funds:						
Street	\$ 2,400,331	\$ 1,562,220	65.1%	\$ 2,198,602	\$ 1,296,759	59.0%
Arterial Pavement	1,122,500	507,958	45.3%	1,308,000	45,477	3.5%
Police Drug Seizure	26,000	-	0.0%	20,500	-	0.0%
Hotel-Motel Tax	110,750	67,214	60.7%	130,000	102,607	78.9%
Affordable Housing Sales Tax	30,000	21,690	72.3%	30,000	34,012	113.4%
American Rescue Plan Act	1,750	-	0.0%	3,973,617	1,919,450	48.3%
Redondo Zone	69,500	43,438	62.5%	102,151	103,833	101.6%
Waterfront Zone	260,750	190,859	73.2%	356,204	110,860	31.1%
PBPW Automation Fee	141,500	149,223	105.5%	77,924	200,070	256.7%
Urban Forestry	5,000	-	0.0%	5,000	-	0.0%
Abatement	5,500	3,614	65.7%	2,500	988	39.5%
Automated Speed Enforcement (ASE)	381,500	196,467	51.5%	442,000	201,802	45.7%
Redondo Speed Enforecement	-	453,473	0.0%	-	80,743	0.0%
Transportation Benefit District	959,000	824,716	86.0%	1,450,000	337,500	23.3%

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Capital Projects Funds are funds used to account for financial resources that are restricted or committed to the construction, acquisition, or improvement of major capital facilities.

The Capital Project Fund per City Code is a single fund for accounting and budgeting purposes. The fund it is comprised of a series of managerial funds intended to account for the receipt and expenditure of capital monies. Managerial funds are for informational purposes only.

		Revenue	•	E	Expenditures	
			% Actual			% Actual
Fund	Budget	Actual	to Budget	Budget	Actual	to Budget
Capital Project Fund:						
REET 1	\$ 560,000	\$ 537,046	95.9%	\$ 1,545,000	\$ 50,331	9.0%
REET 2	552,500	502,193	90.9%	1,585,576	76,185	13.8%
Park Levy	195,500	152,739	78.1%	285,000	315,237	161.2%
Park in Lieu	100,750	-	0.0%	46,000	-	0.0%
One-Time Sales & B+O Tax Revenues	5,000	59,351	1187.0%	660,000	500,000	10000.0%
Municipal Capital Improvements	15,626,000	873,484	5.6%	16,558,359	1,653,533	10.6%
Transportation Capital Improvements	8,008,000	3,473,889	43.4%	8,320,641	4,194,318	52.4%
Traffic in Lieu	452,500	13,881	3.1%	540,000	-	0.0%
Traffic Impact - Citywide	301,250	438,119	145.4%	473,000	-	0.0%
Traffic Impact - Pac Ridge	100,750	21,337	21.2%	-	-	0.0%

ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Marina Fund Details

The purpose of the Marina Fund is to account for the revenues and expenditures related to Marina operations, construction, and debt.

Marina Fund	2024						20	24 YTD Budg	2024	
Summary of Sources and Uses	Ado	pted Budget	Y	TD Budget	١	TD Actual		Amount	Percentage	Remaining Budge
Operating Revenue										
Charges for Services	\$	3,558,167	\$	2,668,625	\$	3,101,283	\$	432,658	16%	\$ 456,884
Fuel Sales		1,503,000		1,127,250		1,003,801		(123,449)	-11%	499,199
Miscellaneous Revenues		12,800		9,600		21,058		11,458	119%	(8,258
Operating Revenue Subtotal	\$	5,073,967	\$	3,805,475	\$	4,126,142	\$	320,666	8%	\$ 947,825
Operating Expense										
Salaries and Benefits	\$	1,310,733	\$	928,436	\$	938,265	\$	9,829	1%	\$ 372,468
Supplies		147,500		110,625		78,352		(32,273)		69,148
Fuel Purchases		1,200,000		900,000		770,318		(129,682)		429,682
Services		612,145		459,109		369,286		(89,822)	-20%	242,859
Services - Interfund		930,106		697,580		737,762		40,182	6%	192,344
Total Operating Expenses (excl. depreciation)	\$	4,200,484	\$	3,095,749	\$	2,893,984	\$	(201,765)	-7%	\$ 1,306,500
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	873,483	\$	709,726	\$	1,232,157	\$	522,431	74%	
Non-Operating Revenue										
Interest Income		90,000		67,500		430,902		363,402	538%	(340,902
Non-operating Revenue Subtotal	\$	90,000	\$	67,500	\$	430,902	\$	363,402	538%	\$ (340,902
Non-operating Expense										
Capital Outlay	\$	7,687,000	\$	5,765,250	\$	79,330	\$	(5,685,920)	-99%	\$ 7,607,670
Debt Service		1,272,523		954,392		431,085		(523,308)	-55%	841,438
Non-operating Expense Subtotal	\$	8,959,523	\$	6,719,642	\$	510,414	\$	(6,209,228)	-92%	\$ 8,449,109
Net Income	Ś	(7,996,040)	¢	(5 942 416)	¢	1,152,645	Ś	7.095.062	-119%	

**September is month 9 of 12 = 75%

Surface Water Management (SWM) Fund Details

The purpose of the Surface Water Management(SWM) Fund is to account for revenues and expenses related to Surface Water Management operations and construction.

	2024						20	24 YTD Budg	2024		
Surface Water Management Fund											
Summary of Sources and Uses	Ado	oted Budget	Y	TD Budget	Y	TD Actual		Amount	Percentage	Rer	naining Budget
Operating Revenue											
Charges for Services	Ś	5,529,436	Ś	3,321,231	\$	3,456,469	Ś	135,238	4%	Ś	2,072,967
Intergovernmental Revenue	Ŷ	613.000	Ŷ	459,750	Ŷ	456,884	Ŷ	(2,866)		Ŷ	156,116
Operating Revenue Subtotal	\$	6,142,436	\$	3,780,981	\$	3,913,353	\$	132,372	4%	\$	2,229,083
Operating Expense											
Salaries and Benefits	\$	1,672,255	\$	1,254,191	\$	972,798	\$	(281,393)	-22%	\$	699,457
Supplies		116,100		87,075		63,054		(24,021)	-28%		53,046
Services		1,269,027		951,770		971,704		19,934	2%		297,323
Services - Interfund		727,599		545,699		588,834		43,135	8%		138,765
Total Operating Expenses (excl. depreciation)	\$	3,784,981	\$	2,838,736	\$	2,596,390	\$	(242,346)	-9%	\$	1,188,591
Operating Income/(Loss)	\$	2,357,455	\$	942,245	\$	1,316,963	\$	374,718	40%		
Non-Operating Revenue											
Miscellaneous Revenue	\$	-	Ś	-	Ś	1.030	Ś	1,030	0%	Ś	(1,030
Interest Income	Ŷ	20,000	Ŷ	15,000	Ŷ	380,219	Ŷ	365,219	2435%	Ŷ	(360,219
Non-operating Revenue Subtotal	\$,	\$,	\$	381,249	\$	366,249	2442%	\$	(361,249)
Non-operating Expense											
Capital Outlay	Ś	3.123.000	Ś	2.342.250	Ś	1.814.445	Ś	(527,805)	-23%	ć	1,308,555
Non-operating Expense Subtotal		3,123,000		2,342,250		1,814,445		(527,805)			1,308,555
Net Income	\$	(745,545)	\$	(1,385,005)	\$	(116,233)	\$	1,268,772	-92%		

**September is month 9 of 12 = 75%

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments of the government and to other government units on a cost reimbursement basis.

		Revenue		Expenditures				
			% Actual			% Actual		
Fund	Budget	Actual	to Budget	Budget	Actual	to Budget		
Internal Service Funds:								
Equipment Rental Operations	1,238,024	558,247	45.1%	811,082	551,131	44.5%		
Equipment Rental Replacement	753,280	679,356	90.2%	1,122,000	608,860	80.8%		
Facility Major Repairs	461,150	(60,789)	-13.2%	546,000	222,696	48.3%		
Computer Replacement	412,800	235,708	57.1%	939,985	217,299	52.6%		
Self Insurance	1,286,315	837,839	65.1%	1,266,927	1,170,430	91.0%		
Unemployment Insurance	51,950	51,885	99.9%	42,500	21,901	42.2%		

CASH BALANCES – ALL FUNDS

				Cash Balance		
Fund Description	U	nassigned	Assigned	Committed	Restricted	Total
General Fund	\$	1,857,186	\$-	\$-	\$ 417,808	\$ 2,274,994
Street Fund		-	910,361	-	3,996	914,357
Arterial Pavement Fund		-	3,248,140	-	2,468	3,250,608
Development Fund		-	1,488,459		627,634	2,116,093
Police Drug Siezure Fund		-	-	-	138,833	138,833
Hotel Motel Tax Fund		-	-	-	138,845	138,845
Affordable Housing Sales Tax Fund		-	-	-	77,769	77,769
American Rescue Plan Act Fund		-	-	-	1,933,107	1,933,107
Redondo Zone Fund		-	(23,729)	-	-	(23,729)
Waterfront Zone Fund		-	183,882	-	-	183,882
PBPW Automation Fee Fund		-	596,016	-	-	596,016
Urban Forestry Fund		-	-	-	-	-
Abatement Fund		-	38,143	-	-	38,143
ASE Automated Speed Enforcement Fund		-	327,215	-	-	327,215
Transport Benefit District Fund		-	-	-	3,098,995	3,098,995
Debt Service Fund		-	-	-	(208,025)	(208,025)
Capital Projects Fund		-	2,792,861	2,587,819	14,581,282	19,961,962
Marina Fund		-	8,289,618	-	12,988,929	21,278,547
Surface Water Management Fund		-	10,221,866	200,000	4,066	10,425,932
Equipment Rental Operations Fund		-	99,321	-	-	99,321
Equipment Rental Replacement Fund		-	3,075,352	-	-	3,075,352
Facility Repair and Replacement Fund		-	309,624	-	-	309,624
Computer Equipment Capital Fund		-	1,296,141	-	-	1,296,141
Self-Insurance Fund		-	542,062		-	542,062
Unemployment Insurance Fund		-	555,807		-	555 <i>,</i> 807
Total Cash Balance	\$	1,857,186	\$ 33,951,141	\$ 2,787,819	\$33,805,707	\$ 72,401,853

Types of Cash Balances

Restricted cash is the portion of cash and investments balance that is subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions (imposed by creditors, grantors, donors, other governments, etc.). The restrictions may also be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed cash is the portion of cash and investments' balance that represents resources whose use is constrained by specific limitations that the government imposes upon itself at the highest level of decision making (The City of Des Moines City Council) through a most binding formal action (e.g., resolution, ordinance, etc.) and that remains binding unless removed in the same manner. A motion, plan or stated management intent regarding how resources will be used does not meet the criteria for classifying balances as committed because the commitment has to occur at the highest level of authority through the most binding formal action.

Assigned cash is the portion of cash and investments that reflects a government's intended use of resources. These are amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Example: the governing body can state its intent to use resources for a specific purpose in an informal way like a motion or other form of a directive. The governing body could also delegate authority to others (directors, managers, etc.) to express intent. Any transfer of resources to funds other than the general fund represents an assignment.

Unassigned cash is available for any purpose. Only the General Fund can report a positive unassigned cash and investments balance.

City of Des Moines Cash Deposits and Investment Portfolio Year-to-date September 30, 2024

			/=•=•			
	Fai	r Value as of		Fai	ir Value as of	% of
Security Type		1/1/2024	2024 Activity		9/30/2024	Portfolio
Federal Farm Credit Bank	\$	8,606,090	\$ 1,735,742	\$	10,341,832	14.3%
Federal Home Loan Bank		2,422,065	4,001,750		6,423,815	8.9%
Federal Home Loan Mtg. Corp.		3,468,460	(1,979,605)		1,488,855	2.1%
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corp		3,290,303	15,813		3,306,115	4.6%
Federal National Mortgage Association		1,488,930	(1,488,930)		-	0.0%
US Treasury Notes/Bonds		5,457,923	(984,455)		4,473,468	6.2%
United States Treasury STRIP		2,940,161	(2,940,161)		-	0.0%
Key Bank		31,083,449	(25,827,994)		5,255,456	7.3%
LGIP		16,471,860	24,640,452		41,112,312	56.8%
Total	\$	75,229,240	\$ (2,827,387)	\$	72,401,853	100.0%
Bond Investments		27,673,931			26,034,085	36.0%
Local Government Investment Pool		16,471,860	21.9%		41,112,312	56.8%
Key Bank Account		31,083,449	41.3%		5,255,456	7.3%
Total	\$	75,229,240	100%	\$	72,401,853	100.0%
Local Government Investment Pool Composition						
Operating Funds		16,471,860	100%		16,952,917	41%
Debt Proceeds		-	0%		24,159,395	
Total LGIP Funds	_	16,471,860	100%		41,112,312	100%

<u>Cash Management</u>: The City maintains a cash balance with KeyBank to fund the City's day-today operations, including an account for Municipal Court operations. Other funds are invested in either the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) or in government bonds. The net earnings rate in the LGIP at September 30th was 5.2278%, a decrease of 0.1576% from September of 2023. LGIP Interest earned in 2024 through September 30th is **\$1,540,239**. In 2023, interest earned through September was \$555,242. The increase in interest is primarily due to bond proceeds being transferred to the LGIP.

<u>Interest Allocation</u>: Investment interest is allocated across all City funds based on their portion of the overall cash balance at the end of the month.

Investment Transaction Listing

Maturities

During the third quarter, the following investments matured or were called:

- United States Treasury Strips, **\$3,030,000**, matured August 2024, **yielding 0.350%**
- Federal Home Loan Mtg.Corp, \$2,000,000, called September 2024, yielding 5.155%
- US Treasury Notes/Bonds, **\$1,500,000**, matured September 2024, **yielding 0.320%** <u>Purchases</u>

During the third quarter, the following investments were purchased:

- Federal Home Loan Bank, **\$2,000,000**, **yielding 3.650%**, maturity 3/10/2028
- Federal Home Loan Bank, **\$2,000,000**, **yielding 3.530%**, maturity 9/4/2026
- US Treasury Notes/Bonds, **\$1,000,000**, **yielding 3.440%**, maturity 11/15/2027

ATTACHMENT 1

SALES TAX SUMMARY												
JUNE 2024 (APRIL 2024 SALES)												
	CONSTRUCTION							YTD				
236			23 TOTAL 714,343		23 YTD 325,336		24 YTD 174.359	% Diff -46.4%				
230	Construction of Buildings Heavy & Civil Construction		'		,		,	-40.4%				
237	Specialty Trade Contractors		50,465 360,010		29,511 135,901		20,295 156,917	-51.2 %				
200	TOTAL CONSTRUCTION	¢	1,124,818		490,748	¢	351,572	13.370				
	Overall Construction Change				'		(139,177)	-28.4%				
	overan oonsudedon onange		1110000	10		Ψ	(100,111)	20.470				
								YTD				
	MANUFACTURING		23 TOTAL		23 YTD		24 YTD	% Diff				
311	Food Manufacturing	\$	1,607	\$	894	\$	444	-50.3%				
312	Beverage & Tobacco Products		2,444		1,248		1,052	-15.7%				
313	Textile Mills		244		170		111	-35.0%				
314	Textile Product Mills		207		167		135	-19.1%				
315	Apparel Manufacturing		310		171		164	-4.0%				
316	Leather & Allied Products		365		139		202	45.4%				
321	Wood Product Manufacturing		2,141		602		3,831	535.9%				
322	Paper Manufacturing		460		273		83	-69.7%				
323	Printing & Related Support		4.336		1,845		2,400	30.1%				
324	Petroleum & Coal Products		41		1		_,8	508.7%				
325	Chemical Manufacturing		1,254		561		685	22.1%				
326	Plastic & Rubber Products		384		51		223	340.9%				
327	Nonmetallic Mineral Products		4,380		1,978		1,866	-5.7%				
331	Primary Metal Manufacturing		25		(1)			-810.4%				
332	Fabricated Metal Mfg Products		6.380		4,566		853	-81.3%				
333	Machinery Manufacturing		854		216		433	100.5%				
334	Computer & Electronic Products		3,309		1,110		1,033	-7.0%				
335	Electric Equipment, Appliances		790		53		212	301.3%				
336	Transportation Equipment Mfg		16,069		5,187		7,274	40.2%				
337	Furniture & Related Products		4,229		1,807		3,122	72.7%				
339	Miscellaneous Manufacturing		4,628		1,741		2,369	36.1%				
333	TOTAL MANUFACTURING	\$	54,458	\$	22,780	\$	2,309	JU. 1 /0				
	Overall Manufacturing Change		,		'	φ	\$3,724	16.3%				
	overan manufacturing onlinge			5 10	cui		<i>\\</i> 0,724	10.070				
								YTD				
100	TRANSPORTATION & WAREHOUSING	,	23 TOTAL		23 YTD 2		24 YTD 1	% Diff				
482	Rail Transportation		5					-50.0%				
484	Truck Transportation		6,501		3,577		3,549	-0.8%				
487	Scenic and Sightseeing Trans		669		669		-	-100.0%				
488	Transportation Support		2,121		1,060		1,331	25.5%				
491	Postal Services		115		57		57	-0.4%				
492	Couriers & Messengers		23,390		11,600		14,047	21.1%				
493	Warehousing & Storage	_	1,143	•	104		316	202.4%				
	TOTAL TRANSP & WHSING Overall Transportation Change	\$ fro	33,944 m Previous	\$ • V	17,071 ear	\$	19,301 \$2,230	13.1%				
	overan mansportation onange		in i reviou.	5 /	cui		Ψ2,200	10.170				
								YTD				
	WHOLESALE TRADE		23 TOTAL		23 YTD		24 YTD	% Diff				
423	Whis Trade-Durable Goods	\$	- ,	\$	83,025	\$	70,235	-15.4%				
			E0 040		25,638		27,530	7.4%				
424	Whis Trade-Nondurable Goods		52,346		20,000		21,000					
424 425	Wholesale Electronic Markets		52,346 796		348		656	88.7%				
		\$	796 215,987		348 109,010	\$						

ATTACHMENT 1 (Cont.)

SALES TAX SUMMARY

JUNE 2024 (APRIL 2024 SALES)

								YTD
NAICS	AUTOMOTIVE	2	23 TOTAL		23 YTD		24 YTD	% Diff
441	Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealer	\$	102,216	\$	63,550	\$	147,063	131.4%
	TOTAL AUTOMOTIVE	\$	102,216	\$	63,550	\$	147,063	
	Overall Automotive Change fr	rom	Previous	Yea	ar		\$83,513	131.4%
								YTD
<u> </u>	RETAIL TRADE	2	23 TOTAL		23 YTD		24 YTD	% Diff
444	Building Material & Garden		53,538		28,167		26,351	-6.5%
445	Food & Beverage Stores		171,323		81,486		86,330	5.9%
449	Furniture, Home Furnishings, Electronic		215,111		96,464		78,748	-18.4%
455	General Merchandise Retailers		57,547		27,195		30,711	12.9%
456	Health and Personal Care Retailers		155,417		101,919		32,347	-68.3%
457	Gasoline Stations and Fuel Dealers		66,686		33,068		29,538	-10.7%
458	Clothing, Clothing Accessories, Shoe an		51,776		27,167		25,958	-4.5%
459	Sporting Goods, Hobby, Musical Instrur		622,518	*	286,590	*	336,714	17.5%
	TOTAL RETAIL TRADE		,393,916	\$	682,056	\$,	F 00/
	Overall General Retail Change	Troi	m Previou	SY	ear		(\$35,360)	-5.2%
								YTD
	SERVICES	-	23 TOTAL		23 YTD		24 YTD	
51*	Information	\$	189,478	\$	91,790	\$	113,046	% Diff 23.2%
52*	Finance & Insurance	φ	23,393	φ	11,176	φ	12,414	23.2 % 11.1%
52 53*	Real Estate, Rental, Leasing		23,393 69,057		23,514		23,815	1.3%
541	Professional, Scientific, Tech		84,983		35,315		42,288	19.7%
551	Company Management		817		203		42,200 949	368.1%
56*	Admin, Supp, Remed Svcs		251,426		118,229		133,313	12.8%
611	Educational Services		16,075		7,702		9,264	20.3%
62*	Health Care Social Assistance		6,030		1,861		9,204 3,443	20.3 % 85.0%
02 71*	Arts & Entertainment		32,618		15,235		3,443 15,165	-0.5%
72*	Accommodation & Food Svcs		415,966		196,818		'	-0.3%
72 81*	Other Services		415,966		53,565		195,959 74,609	-0.4 % 39.3%
92*	Public Administration		867		206		246	19.2%
92	TOTAL SERVICES	¢ 1	,208,618	\$	555,615	\$	624,511	19.2%
	Overall Services Change from			•	-	φ	\$68,897	12.4%
	overall Services Change no.		levious i	cai			<i>400,091</i>	12.4/0
								YTD
	MISCELLANEOUS	2	23 TOTAL		23 YTD		24 YTD	% Diff
111-115	Agriculture, Forestry, Fishing		947		303		24 110	-34.1%
	Mining & Utilities		1,052		308		7,973	2488.1%
999	Unclassifiable Establishments		142,767		56,824		64,861	14.1%
	MISCELLANEOUS TOTAL	\$	144,766	\$	57,435	\$	73,034	. 1. 1 / 0
	Overall Miscellaneous Change	•	,	•	,	*	\$15,599	27.2%
							,,	
								YTD
		2	23 TOTAL		23 YTD		24 YTD	% Diff
	GRAND TOTALS	\$4	,278,723	\$1	,998,265	\$1	,987,102	
	Grand Total Change from Pres						(\$11,163)	-0.56%
				÷.				

Glossary of Terms

Abatement: A reduction or elimination of a real or personal property tax, motor vehicle excise, a fee, charge, or special assessment imposed by a governmental unit. Granted only on application of the person seeking the abatement and only by the committing governmental unit.

Abatement Fund: This fund was created to account for revenue and expenditures to abate nuisances within the city.

Bond: A means to raise money through the issuance of debt. A bond issuer/borrower promises in writing to repay a specified sum of money, alternately referred to as face value, par value or bond principal, to the buyer of the bond on a specified future date (maturity date), together with periodic interest at a specified rate. The term of a bond is always greater than one year.

Budget: A plan for allocating resources to support particular services, purposes and functions over a specified period of time.

Capital Assets: All real and tangible property used in the operation of a government, which is not easily converted into cash, and has an initial useful life extending beyond a single financial reporting period. Capital assets include land and land improvements; infrastructure such as roads, bridges, water and sewer lines; easements; buildings and building improvements; vehicles, machinery and equipment. Communities typically define capital assets in terms of a minimum useful life and a minimum initial cost.

Capital Outlay: Expenditures that result in the acquisition of or addition to capital assets.

Capital Projects Fund: funds that are used to account for financial resources that are restricted or committed to the construction, acquisition, or improvement of major capital facilities.

Debt Service: The repayment cost, usually stated in annual terms and based on an amortization schedule, of the principal and interest on any particular bond issue.

Enterprise Fund: A fund type used to account for operations that are financed or operated in a manner similar to private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is that costs of providing goods and services be recovered primarily through user charges.

Expenditure/Expense: An outlay of money made by municipalities to provide the programs and services within their approved budget.

Franchise Fees: Fees paid to the City by a utility provider who uses public space to deliver its services.

Fund: An independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other resources, together with all related liabilities, obligations, reserves, and equities which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives.

General Fund: Accounts for all revenues and expenditures that are not accounted for in any other fund except those required by statute. It is a fund supported by taxes, fees, and other miscellaneous revenues. This fund is used to finance daily and long-term operations.

Grant: A contribution by Federal, State, and other jurisdiction or organization to support a particular function.

Impact Fees: A payment of money imposed by the City upon development activity as a condition of issuance of a building permit to pay for public facilities needed to serve new growth and development, and to mitigate the impacts of the development activity on the existing public facilities.

In-Lieu: A payment alternative for funding capital expenditures.

Interfund Transfer: The movement of monies between funds of the same government entity.

Intergovernmental: Relating to activity conducted between two or more governments.

Investments: Securities held for the production of income in the form of interest. The term does not include fixed assets used in governmental operations.

Net Position: The difference between assets and liabilities.

Park In-Lieu Fees: A voluntary payment of money from a subdivision or multi-family development as an alternative to providing open space or park land for recreation purposes.

Park Levy: Funding generated through an interlocal agreement with King County for King County Parks Levy funds restricted for capital projects.

Planning, Building and Public Works (PBPW) Automation Fund: This fund was created to account for Planning, Building and Public Works automation fees and to be used for technology operations, maintenance and replacement expenditures; as well as, capital expenditures for acquisition of additional technology benefitting the PBPW department.

Redondo Zone Fund: The Redondo Zone is the Redondo Beach Park area. This fund accounts for parking fees and fines in the Redondo Zone which are to be used for operating and capital costs related to the zone.

Revenue: Money that flows into the local government. It is recurring if it is received on a consistent basis (e.g., sales taxes and property taxes) and nonrecurring if it is received irregularly (e.g., federal and state grants).

Special Revenue Fund: A special revenue fund is a fund that collects money to be used for a specific purpose. These funds can increase transparency and accountability for taxpayers by ensuring that their tax dollars are used for their intended purpose.

Unrestricted Net Position: The net position that generally can be used for any purpose. However, they are not necessarily in a spendable form, such as cash.

Waterfront Zone: This fund was created to account for revenues and expenditures relating to the provision of services and public access to the fishing pier, the waterfront area of the Beach Park and related parking lots and to the space on the upland areas not designated as part of the marina enterprise fund.

2024 3rd Quarter Financial Report

City of Des Moines, Washington

General Fund 2024Year-To-Date

3rd Quarter

General Fund through September 30, 2024

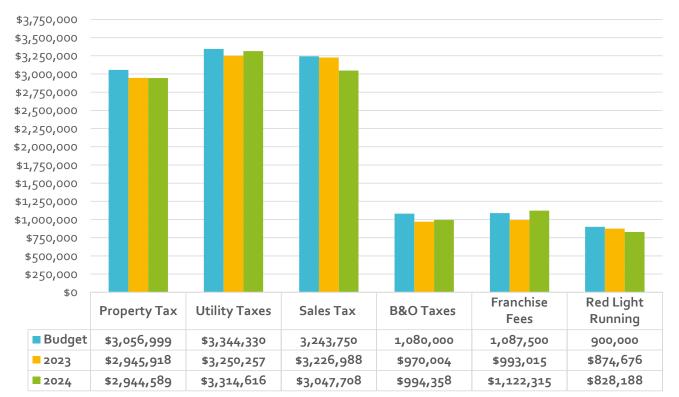
Revenues Expenditures

\$18,928,047 <u>- 19,289,782</u>

Operating Income/Loss **\$** - 361,735

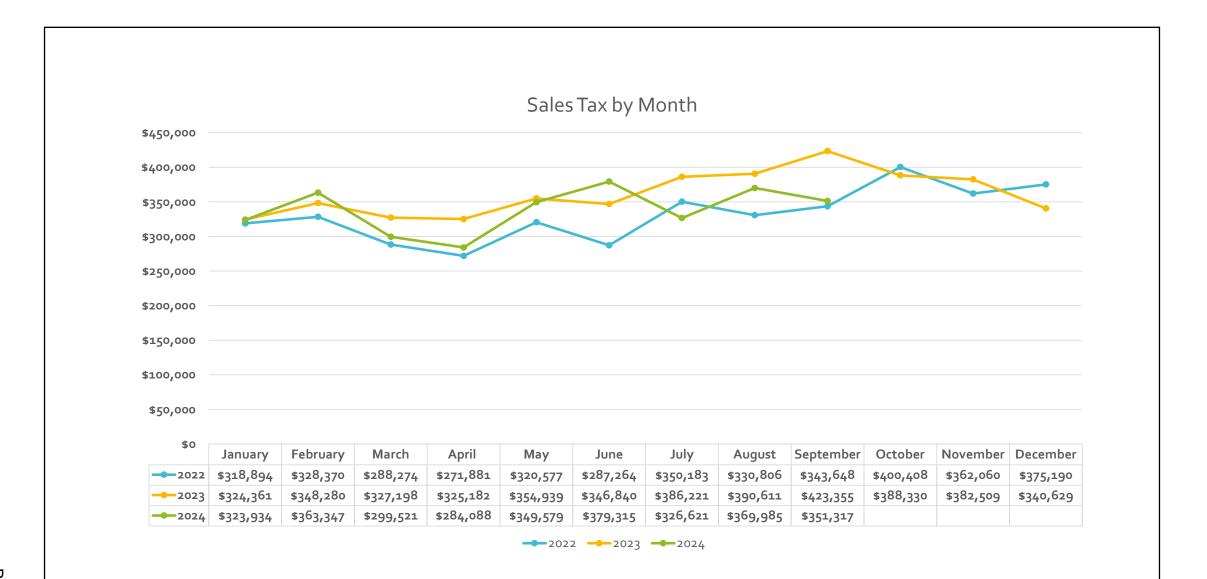
General Fund

<u>2024Year-To-Date</u> 3rd Quarter

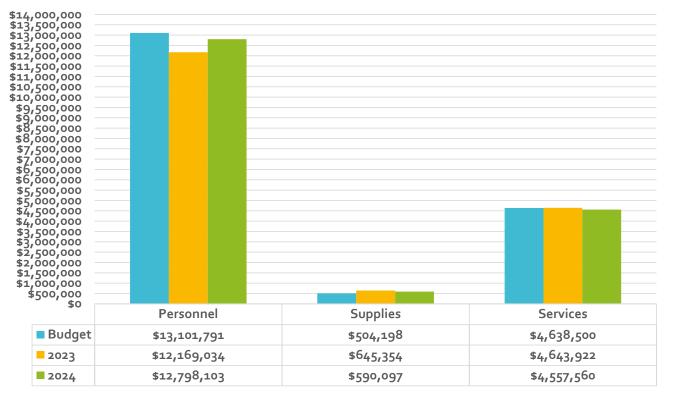


General Fund Revenue

■ Budget ■ 2023 ■ 2024



<u>2024Year-To-Date</u> 3rd Quarter



General Fund Expenditures

■ Budget ■ 2023 ■ 2024

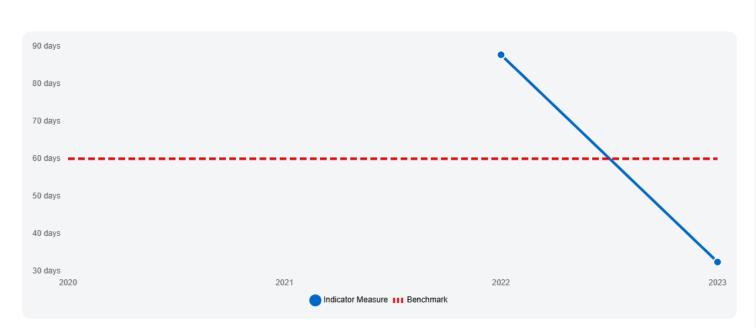
<u>2024Year-To-Date</u> 3rd Quarter

Unrestricted Cash			
Ending Balance 9/30/2024			
Closed CIP projects	(\$255,299)		
Repurposed ARPA	(\$539,341)		
	\$1,062,546		
	\$1,042,920		
	Closed CIP projects		

2024Year-To-Date 3rd Quarter

State of Washington – Financial Intelligence Tool

FY 2023 Outlook: Concerning



2024Year-To-Date 3rd Quarter

State of Washington – Financial Intelligence Tool

Indicator Calculations	2020	2021	2022	2023
Ending Cash and Investments	\$O	\$ 0	\$5,833,734	\$2,314,021
> 😤 Expenditures and Other Decreases	\$0	\$0	\$24,282,075	\$26,037,160
💥 Days In A Year	365	365	365	365
Cash Balance Sufficiency (days)			88	32
Cash Cities/Towns Mean/Average	345	444	444	409
Cash Cities/Towns Median	242	327	338	301
Cash Cities/Towns Trimean*	261	341	350	318

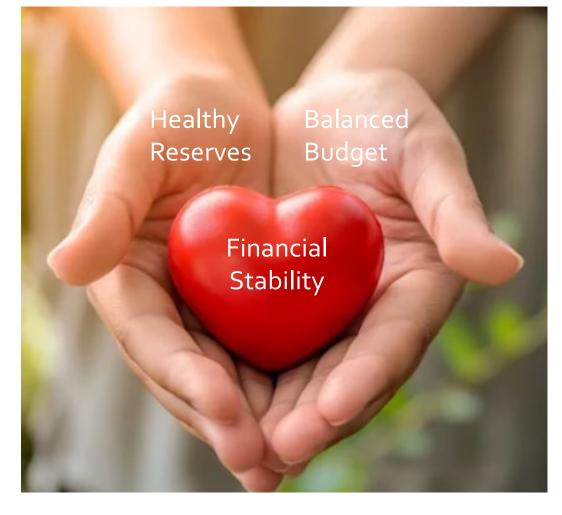
• 60 Days of expenses = \$4,280,081

<u>2024Year-To-Date</u> 3rd Quarter



Healthy reserves are a hedge against risk.

<u>2024Year-To-Date</u> 3rd Quarter



Discussion Item #3

AGEND	AITEM								
BUSINESS OF THE CITY COUNCIL City of Des Moines, WA									
SUBJECT: Budget Workshop	FOR AGENDA OF: December 5, 2024								
ATTACHMENTS:	DEPT. OF ORIGIN: Finance								
	DATE SUBMITTED: November 27, 2024 CLEARANCES: [] City Clerk [] Community Development [] Courts [] Emergency Management [X] Finance /// 2/ [] Human Resources								
	[X] Legal /s/ TG [] Marina [] Police [] Parks, Recreation & Senior Services [] Public Works APPROVED BY CITY MANAGER FOR SUBMITTAL:								

Purpose and Recommendation The purpose of this agenda item is to update the City Council about budget challenges and recommended strategies for balancing the 2025/2026 Biennial Budget. Staff seeks Council input and direction in completing the 2025/2026 Biennial Budget process.

1

2025-2026 Biennial Budget

December 5, 2024 Study Session

desmoineswa.gov



Presentation Overview

- Understanding the Budget Challenges
- Structural Budget Issues
- Proposed Strategies for 2025 and 2026 Budget
 - Focus of tonight is General Fund
 - Program and Service reductions
 - Staffing Impact
- Budget Summary
- On the Horizon
- Council Input and Discussion
- Next Steps



- Goal: Structurally balanced budget for 2025 and 2026
 - Use of one-time funds *only* for one -time expenses
 - Fiscal sustainability
 - Future focus on growing new revenue streams and strengthening existing revenues
- Approach: Provide public transparent decision
 making
- Key Drivers to Budget Challenges:
 - Rising inflation and increased operational costs
 - Revenue shortfalls due to economic conditions
 - Proposition 1 Election results
 - Issues from structural deficits, use of one -time revenue to plug ongoing budget gaps

Understanding the Budget Challenges



Property Tax Sales Tax Utility Taxes Fines/Fees/Charges for Services

General Fund

General Fund Operations

Police

Court Recreation/Senior Services Parks and Building Maintenance Administration

	2025
Revenue	\$24,477,432
Expenditures	\$29,067,353
Budget Deficit	\$(4,589,921)

2025/2026 General Fund Forecast Initial Numbers

2026

\$24,705,449

\$29,039,373

\$(4,333,924)

			2	2025	-2031 GENERAL F	UND						
	REVISED ANNUAL BUDGET		PROJECTED ACTUALS		BUDGE	т	FORECAST					
		2024	2024		2025	2026		2027	2028	2029	2030	2031
BEGINNING FUND BALANCE	\$	5,210,847	\$ 4,671,467	\$	4,154,919 \$	3,429,645	\$	2,032,661 \$	(392,199) \$	(3,039,883) \$	(5,907,131) \$	6 (8,558,126)
Operating Revenues		24,291,191	23,147,335		24,568,014	25,019,790		25,587,921	25,922,097	26,333,558	26,796,693	27,246,852
perating Expenditures		27,018,192	 26,469,500		26,258,288	26,691,774		28,012,781	28,569,781	29,200,806	29,447,688	29,750,619
** Net Activity ("Operating revenues over		(2,727,001)	 (3,322,165)		(1,690,274)	(1,671,984)		(2,424,860)	(2,647,684)	(2,867,248)	(2,650,995)	(2,503,767)
ONE-TIME ACTIVITIES												
Revenues Sound Transit		212,944	212,944		154,868	19,359		-	-	-	_	_
American Rescue Plan Funding		1,850,617	2,450,617		-	-		-	-	-	-	-
One-Time Sales & B&O Tax Revenues		265,000	105,000		275,000	275,000		225,000	175,000	175,000	175,000	175,000
From closed Capital Project		,	250,000			,		,		,	,	,
Sale of property					690,000		_					
Total One-Time Revenues		2,328,561	 3,018,561		1,119,868	294,359		225,000	175,000	175,000	175,000	175,000
Dne-time Expenditures												
Sound Transit related expenditures		(212,944)	(212,944)		(154,868)	(19,359)		-	-	-	-	-
Transfer Out - One-Time Sales & B&O Tax		-	 -					(225,000)	(175,000)	(175,000)	(175,000)	(175,000)
Total One-Time Expenditures		(212,944)	 (212,944)		(154,868)	(19,359)		(225,000)	(175,000)	(175,000)	(175,000)	(175,000)
Change in Fund Balance		(611,384)	(516,548)		(725,274)	(1,396,984)		(2,424,860)	(2,647,684)	(2,867,248)	(2,650,995)	(2,503,767)
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$	4,599,463	\$ 4,154,919	\$	3,429,645 \$	2,032,661	\$	(392,199) \$	(3,039,883) \$	(5,907,131) \$	(8,558,126) \$	6 (11,061,893)
GFOA Target of 60 days (approx. 16.67%)		4,503,933	4,412,466		4,377,257	4,449,519		4,669,731	4,762,582	4,867,774	4,908,930	4,959,428
Reserve (shortfall) surplus to GFOA Target		95,531	 (257,547)		(947,611)	(2,416,858)		(5,061,930)	(7,802,465)	(10,774,905)	(13,467,056)	(16,021,321)
Inding Reserve - % Total Operating Expenditures		17.02%	15.70%		13.06%	7.62%		-1.40%	-10.64%	-20.23%	-29.06%	-37.18%

- Focus on addressing structural issues:
 - Realigning expenses to match realistic revenue projections
 - Streamline operations to reduce costs
 - Reprioritize funding for critical services
- Generating additional revenue:
 - Introduce Warehouse SF tax
 - Utility franchise agreements
 - Assess fee schedules citywide
 - Raise business license fees
 - Increase misc. fees
 - Enhanced City Clerk services

Proposed Strategies for 2025 & 2026 Budget



New Revenue Generated: \$1,637,500

New Revenue Generated

- Community enrichment programs and activities considered non -critical
- Consolidation of programming and activities within Parks and Rec, Senior Services, **Events & Facilities**
- Reduce Human services budget
- Reductions to internal activities and services:
 - i.e. janitorial contract reductions, elimination of internship program, reduced training budget, reduced computer replacement fund, elim. software subscriptions, etc.)
- **Reduced services:** ٠
 - i.e. Animal Control, closing Redondo substation, downtown beautification

Program and Service Reductions

- Limited contract for Animal Control
- Steven J Underwood Park- remaining open
- Maintenance of Parks- will remain at base level
- Currents magazine
- New City website
- Maintain City events (4th of July)
- Contracting out some support services
- Funding for economic development activity/contract

Items of Note in Budget

- Strategically assessing attrition
- Freeze vacant positions and staffing reductions
 - Two Police officer positions (ARPA funded)
 - Administrative staff reduction
 - Community Enrichment staffing consolidation
 - Maintenance/ PW vacancy
 - Limited Term positions
 - Crime Analyst
 - GPS
 - IT Director
- Reduced COLA
- Hiring freeze for non -critical positions

Staffing Impact

Staffing related reductions: \$1,679,886

Staffing Impact

- Unmet expectations from public on service delivery
- Potential reduction of programs and services
- Reduced capacity for non-critical projects
- Strain on remaining staff in certain areas

Impact of Budget Reductions

Overall Fund Balance growth in both 2025 and 2026

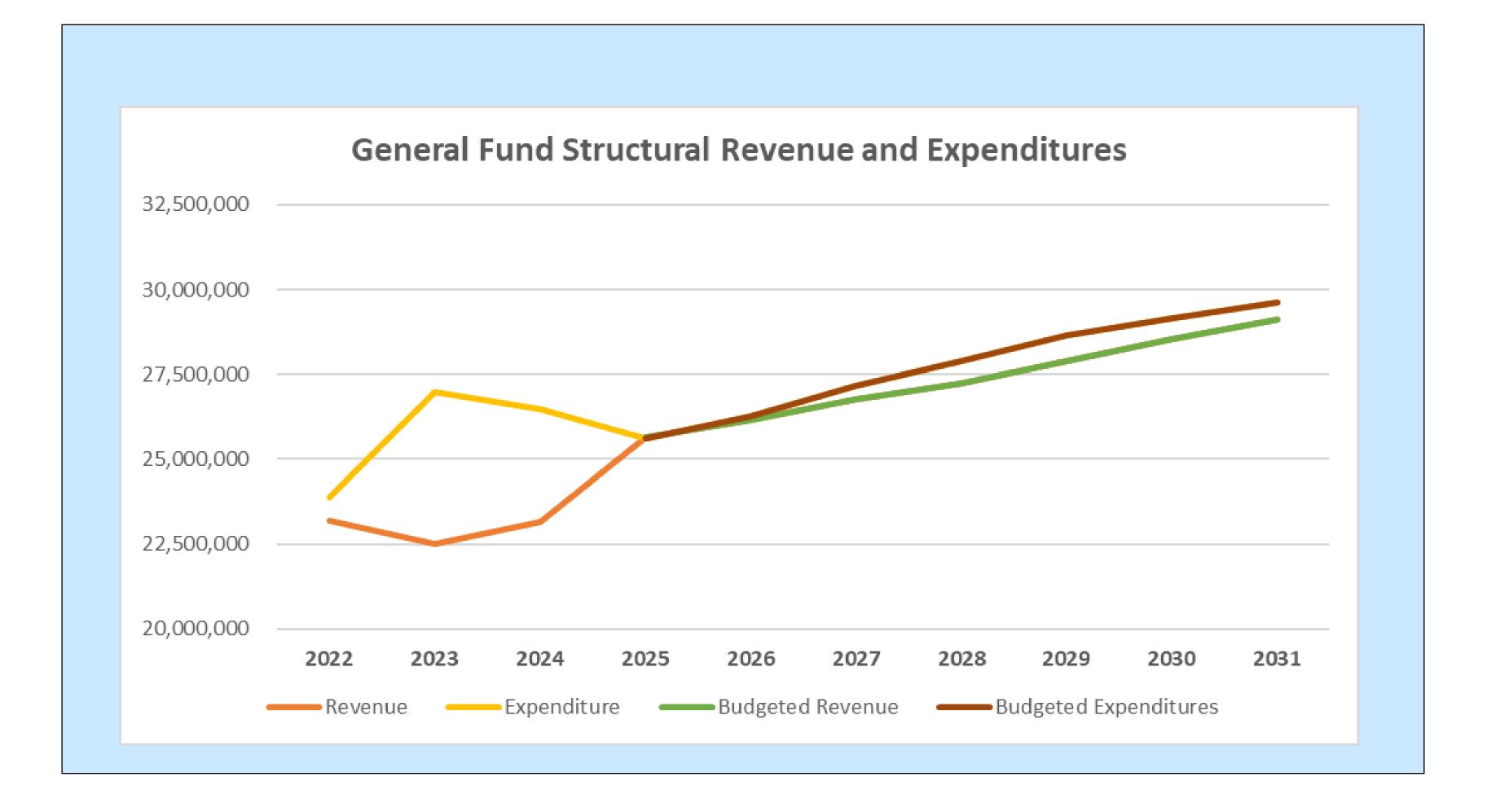
- Both years exceed the City's minimum fund balance threshold of 16.67% of operating expenditures
- Strong cash balance mitigates risk and maintains fiscal sustainability
- End of one-time funds for recurring expenses
 - American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA)
- Structural deficits addressed
 - 2025 no structural deficit
 - 2026 nearly balanced structural revenue and expenditures

Budget Summary

- City's revenue sources inadequate to keep up with expenditures
 - Must grow new revenue streams
 - Critical to develop aggressive economic development strategy
 - 1% property tax cap does not keep up with general inflation
- Critical look at any new expenditures or initiatives •
- Service and staffing reductions necessary in short -term, but will not meet the expectations of the community long -term

On the Horizon

					Five Year Forecast					
	BUDGET 2025 2026			2027	FORECAST 2027 2028 2029 2030					
	2023			2020	2027	2020	2025	2030	2031	
GINNING FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,154	,919	\$	4,795,146	\$4,971,559	\$4,783,214	\$4,341,367	\$3,782,108	\$3,399,111	
perating Revenues	25,634	22/		26,167,714	26,752,820	27,220,496	27,876,711	28,527,382	29,106,386	
	25,034	,554		20,107,714	20,752,820	27,220,490	27,070,711	20,527,502	29,100,300	
perating Expenditures										
	25,620	,107		26,266,301	27,166,165	27,887,343	28,660,970	29,135,378	29,620,382	
Net Activity ("Operating revenues over	14	,227		(98,587)	(413,345)	(666,847)	(784,259)	(607,997)	(513,996)	
NE-TIME ACTIVITIES										
Total One-Time Revenues	1,119	,868		294,359	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	225,000	
Total One-Time Expenditures		,868)		(19,359)		-	-	-	-	
Change in Fund Balance	640	,227		176,413	(188,345)	(441,847)	(559,259)	(382,997)	(288,996)	
IDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 4,795	,146	\$	4,971,559	\$4,783,214	\$4,341,367	\$3,782,108	\$3,399,111	\$3,110,115	
		-								



- General agreement on need to achieve structurally balanced budget immediately vs gradual transition?
- Support for prioritizing core services?
- Support for future focus on new revenue streams & economic development? (long game)

Council Input and Discussion

Next Steps: 2nd reading and adoption December 12

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