## AGENDA ITEM

## BUSINESS OF THE CITY COUNCIL City of Des Moines, WA

SUBJECT: Update on the Marina's Financial Sustainability Plan

## ATTACHMENTS:

Marina Sustainability Plan Power Point
Marina Financial Plan - Cash
Marina Financial Plan - Debt
Marina Map

FOR AGENDA OF: May 14, 2015
DEPT. OF ORIGIN: Marina
DATE SUBMITTED: May 8, 2015
CLEARANCES:
[ ] Legal
[X] Finance ${ }^{-2 m}$
[X] Marina
[ ] Parks, Recreation \& Senior Services N/A
[ ] Planning, Building \& Public Works N/A
[ ] Police N/A
[ ] Courts N/A
APPROVED BY CITY MANAGER FOR SUBMITTAL: $\qquad$

## Purpose and Recommendation

The purpose of this agenda item is to up-date the Council on the staff's efforts to develop the plan to ensure the long-term financial sustainability of the Marina.

Suggested Motion: (None Required - Information only)

## Background

At the Council's goal setting retreat last November staff was directed to develop a plan to ensure the long-term financial sustainability of the Marina. The Council's directive was a response to three years of operating losses in the Marina enterprise fund and the resulting steep decline in the Marina's reserves.

The recreational boating industry in the Puget Sound was very stable for the first twenty-five years of the Marina's existence, but beginning in the 1990's, several factors started to destabilize the industry, especially the market for boat moorage. The decline in salmon fishing, the decline in young people participating in recreational boating and the largest recession in decades all factored into a significant decrease in recreational boating nationwide and here in the Puget Sound region. These factors
effectively made it impossible for the City to carry out the Marina's capital improvement program as outlined in the Des Moines Marina Comprehensive Master Plan adopted in 2002 and updated in 2007.

## Discussion

At a Council meeting on January 22, 2015 the staff updated the Council on the Marina Sustainability Plan. At that meeting the staff told the Council that they had identified five major elements that would need to be developed for a comprehensive plan. The major elements are:

- An update of the Marina's revenue, expense and debt service model that was first developed in 2002 when the first of the outstanding bonds were issued. The model was up-dated again in 2008, when the second bond issue went out, but several of the assumptions made about revenue growth, specifically moorage revenue were too optimistic in light of the impacts of the recession.
- A traditional Strength, Weaknesses, Opportunities and Threats, (SWOT) analysis that will be the basis for determining the competitive advantages the Marina has in the market for moorage on the Sound. A diverse group of Marina tenants, yacht club members and non-boating citizens will participate in the exercise.
- The staff will analyze the current capital improvement plan to see what changes have to be made in the schedule of needed projects in order to ensure that the improvements that are the most critical or will generate additional revenue will be done first.
- Using information from SWOT analysis and the financial model the staff will develop options for restarting the capital improvement plan. As the options are developed the staff will include a discussion of the current level of debt and the ability of the Marina fund to carry more debt, if needed.
- As options are developed, the staff will be aware of and try to address the main challenges that face the entire industry, i.e., aging of the active boating community, competition from other activities, affordability, etc.

To date, the Marina's financial model has been updated, the SWOT analysis has been completed and the list of capital improvement projects has been updated for costs and reprioritized. A presentation of the financial model with a cash focus was presented to the Municipal Facilities Committee.

This presentation takes a new approach by separating the Marina into four distinct zones and analyzing the challenges/options for each zone. The presentation will then turn to short and long term financial effects on the narrowly defined Marina's financial plan using two different approaches: capital replacement using cash and capital replacement using debt.

## Financial Impact

All of the options that are discussed and/or recommended in the report will have significant financial impacts and the presentation will include a discussion of those impacts.

## Conclusion

N/A

# MARINA SUSTAINABILITY PLAN 

As presented May 7, 2015

## OVERVIEW

## - Marina sustainability is best viewed in context of the larger Water Front Master Plan

- Water Front Master Plan contains four activity zones.
- Challenges and opportunities are unique to each zone and therefore each zone will have its own sustainability plan.

Overviews and a new way to view the water front will be discussed. The first point tonight is to structure the Marina discussion a little differently than we have in the past. What has been previously to referred as the "Marina Sustainability Plan" will be changed to the "Water Front Master Plan" tonight. This is important because it opens up our thinking to see opportunities and challenges differently.

The water front contains more than just a Marina. It contains several activities which have their own set of costs and related revenues sources (or lack thereof). Cost are currently lumped together which makes analysis a challenge. Accounting will be changed to track revenues and costs by individual zones to provide better data for future decision making. For the short term, higher level estimates will be used.

## WATER FRONT MASTER PLAN DOWNTOWN: <br> - Marina Operations Zone I (Blue shape) <br> - Economic Development Zone 2 (Green shape) <br> - Public Benefit Zone 3 (Orange shape) <br> REDONDO: <br> - Public Benefit Zone 4

These zones define the basic financial modeling definitions and accounting design: i.e. where cash is collected and stored (fund balance) as well as where revenues and expenses are recorded. These are the building blocks of financial planning for each of the zones. These zones will help define who keeps which money and for what purpose.


## MARINA OPERATIONS -

 Zone 1

- Includes such assets as docks, tenant restrooms, tenant parking, office building, maint shop, etc.
- Includes customer revenues such as moorage, fuel, utilities, retail sales, launch fees, etc.
- Includes operational costs such as asset maintenance, customer billing, administration, service delivery, etc.
- Includes Dry Sheds rentals (initially).

Marina operations are considered its own business enterprise. Revenues from customers are used to maintain operations as well as repair and replace assets. It currently has outstanding debt that won't be paid off until 2028. Some debt will pay off in 2022. A business model will be created to reflect these factors and address the capital replacement needs of the Marina operations in Zone 1.

## ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT Zone 2 <br> - Includes such current assets as boat yard, general parking lots up to Zone 3. <br> - Includes current development revenues such as building lease revenue. <br> - Includes operational costs such as asset maintenance, etc.

This zone has tremendous future opportunity for the city. The goal of this zone is to cover its own operating and capital costs, foster private enterprises to generate property, $\mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{O}$ and sales tax for the general fund and provide activities to make the water front a destination location.

The next step in developing this zone is to expand the boat yard allowing the existing tenant to grow his business. Increasing the yard by $6,000 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft}$ will cost about $\$ 12,000$ and will be paid by cash and recovered from a lease rent increase. A more extensive building and yard expansion as well as purchase of a new travel lift will require additional debt and could cost as much as $\$ 735,000$ in construction costs. This type of investment will require new debt. More considerations of expansion options and costs is warranted. The lease should reflect the greater value to the private business and be set to at least cover the cost of the investment. The city cannot afford to subsidize private businesses. The risk to the city is if we incur the debt and the business goes out of business, the city is left making the debt payment without a revenue source.

Future planning steps are to explore opportunities for private development, privatepublic partnerships, and/or such things as development of Public Development Authority. The city does not have the bonding capacity or revenue base to aid in investment so other sources are needed. Direct revenues created in this zone need to be maintained for the operations, capital replacement and debt service for this zone.

## PUBLIC BENEFIT Zone 3 <br> 

- Includes such assets as the fishing pier, public restrooms, the north parking lot, entrance/parking for the Beach Park, etc.
- There are no current revenue sources generated by this zone.
- Includes operational costs such as asset repairs, restroom cleaning/repairs, and event support.

This zone faces considerable fiscal challenge as it has assets but no specific source of revenue with which to maintain, improve or replace those assets. This zone is not necessary to the continuity or functioning of the Marina operations. The major challenge here is the replacement of the bulk heads around the parking lot and the front of the Beach Park and on-going maintenance of the pier.

This is zone is for public benefit and it is reasonable to expect it to be paid for with public funds. Accordingly, the $\$ 5$ million dollars or so that it will take to replace the bulk heads would come from public sources. This may take the form of grants as well as debt bonding. As the city does not have the financial capacity for additional bonded debt with current revenue levels, then the debt request would be put to the voters for approval of a special property tax levy. If the public does not want to support maintaining access to the water front area, then they city would be left with a few choices: 1) do nothing until the bulk heads fail and then close access or 2) transfer ownership to someone that does have resources to replace the bulkheads. In addition to the Economic Development Zone the desired level of parking availability in this zone is also an issue to be studied.

In addition to asset replacement issues, there is the on-going cost of maintaining the pier, parking lot, public restrooms and labor used to facilitate special events. Debt financing is not an appropriate source to pay for these costs and so a different revenue source is needed. Paid parking is one possible source. A public access pass may be
another idea (residents could have one rate; nonresidents could have another). Keep in mind it would take additional staff time, software, etc. to create and administer an access pass system.

## PUBLIC BENEFIT Zone 4

- Includes such assets as, Boardwalk, rental buildings, boat launch, parking lot, public restroom, etc.
- Parking fees are the single revenue source.
- Includes operational costs such as asset repairs, restroom cleaning/repairs, and event support.

A sustainable business plan for this area will be developed recognizing the limited revenue from this zone will likely not be sufficient to pay for capital replacement or major repair costs of the Boardwalk; but the goal would to be otherwise self sustaining.

## MARINA FINANCIAL PLAN ZONE 1 (Mostly) - Assumptions

- Still combines all zones operating revenues and expenditures. Other zones will be separated out in Next Steps.
- Includes only Zone 1 capital and debt.
- End Balance only reflects operating reserve. Debt reserve is separate (accounted for but not shown). Target Balances in green.
- 2022 and 2027 are next debt issue opportunities.
- Revenue and Expense escalation assumptions shown in orange.


## MARINA FINANCIAL PLAN ZONE 1 (Mostly) - Observations

- Near term (<2022) minor capital paid with cash.
- High priority capital paid with debt in 2022. Some projects are related/associated to others. (e.g. storm water \& J dock transformer move).
- Long life docks paid with cash over time. One dock every 4 years or so.
- If no new debt in 2027 then Debt Reserve cash $\$ 500 \mathrm{~K}$ can be repurposed to annual debt payment/capital in 2027.
- 2022 Debt is interest only payments until 2028 (not normal).


## Purchased with Cash

|  | Replace Year | Age at Replace | Replace Amt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Replace M Dock - <br> 1970 | 2030 | 60 | $1,750,000$ |
| Replace N Dock - <br> 1970 | 2033 | 63 | $1,800,000$ |
| Replace L Dock - <br> 1970 | 2035 | 65 | $1,800,000$ |
| Replace K Dock - <br> 1970 | 2037 | 67 | $1,800,000$ |
| Replace I Dock - <br> 1970 | 2040 | 70 | $1,825,000$ |
| Replace H Dock - <br> 1970 | 2042 | 72 | $1,850,000$ |
| Replace A Dock - <br> 2002 | 2043 | 41 | $1,850,000$ |
| Replace B Dock - <br> 2003 | 2045 | 42 | $1,950,000$ |
| Replace C Dock - <br> 2004 | 2047 | 43 | $1,950,000$ |
| Replace D Dock - <br> 2005 | 2049 | 44 | $2,000,000$ |
| Replace M Dock - <br> 1970 | 2030 | 60 | $1,750,000$ |

## Purchased with Debt

|  | Replace | Age at | Replace |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dock | Year | Replace | Cost |
| Replace M Dock - <br> 1970 | 2027 | 57 | $1,750,000$ |
| Replace N Dock - <br> I970 | 2027 | 57 | $1,750,000$ |
| Replace L Dock - <br> 1970 | 2027 | 57 | $1,750,000$ |
| Replace K Dock - <br> 1970 | 2030 | 60 | $1,819,048$ |
| Replace I Dock - <br> 1970 | 2030 | 60 | $1,800,000$ |
| Replace H Dock - <br> 1970 | 2030 | 60 | $1,800,000$ |
| Replace A Dock - <br> 2002 | 2042 | 30 | $1,826,250$ |
| Replace B Dock - <br> 2003 | 2042 | 39 | $1,800,000$ |
| Replace C Dock - <br> 2004 | 2042 | 37 | $1,800,000$ |
| Replace D Dock - <br> 2005 | 2042 | $1,800,000$ |  |

## The Beginning (not the End) Next Steps <br> - Zone I - Revise Marina financial plan to remove other zone revenues/expenses and re-evaluate marina plan.

- Zone 2 - Create Economic Development plan. New resources ideas to explore may include such things as Port partnership, new city debt, formation of Public Facility District.
- Zone 3 - Create Public Access financial plan. New resource ideas to explore may include such things as Voter Approved bond issue (new property taxes), Port partnership, parking fees. Creation of parking structure to be considered.
- Zone 4 - Create Redondo financial plan. New resource ideas to explore are additional building rent and increases to parking and/or launching fees. Possible cost reductions may include labor reduction of summer staffing; reduction in parking tax $\%$.

In conclusion, tough choices need to be made. By breaking the larger issue into smaller, distinct activities and then matching revenue sources to those individual activity costs, new approaches become possible to solve old problems.

|  | ${ }_{\text {Actal }}$ | Revised | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 202 | 203 | 2024 |  |  | 202 | 149 |
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| Balance | 42,34 728,307 |  | (12,581) |  | ${ }^{(656542}$ | ${ }^{\text {(52,32) }} 412176$ |  |  | ${ }^{(188,571)} 1$ | ${ }_{\text {l }}^{104946}$ | $\xrightarrow{192866}$ | ${ }_{\text {21, }}^{21.284}$ | ${ }_{\substack{24.818 \\ 96659}}$ | $\xrightarrow{203,733}$ | 880,392 |
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